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The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B 1065

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

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JAP MOVE FOR SECOND FRONT IN EAST

Chungking Discusses Threat To Siberia

INVASION TROOPS IN MANCHURIA

Nazi Advance East Of Kharkov Stopped By Red Army

CHUNGKING, June 16.

The Chinese Cabinet met to-day to discuss the threatened Japanese invasion of Siberia which is reported imminent. Japanese troops are stated to be pouring into Manchuria in increasing numbers.

NAZI ADVANCE STOPPED

LONDON, June 16.

The German radio to-day admitted Soviet landing attempts at Yalta and Mariupol.

STOCKHOLM: Swedish correspondents in Berlin were told by a German military spokesman last night that the Kharkov operations were no part of the summer offensive. The "Dagens Nyhetrs" Berlin correspondent interprets the latest High Command Communique as meaning that the German advance east of Kharkov has come to an end.

HEAVY NAZI LOSSES

MOSCOW: A supplement to the Soviet Midday Communique says: "In the Kharkov direction Red troops repelling enemy attacks inflicted heavy losses. In one sector alone our units destroyed 22 German tanks, 18 guns and 10 lorries. The Germans lost 900 officers and men killed.

On the Sebastopol sector Soviet soldiers and marines repulsed fierce German and Rumanian attacks. One unit penetrated an enemy trench yesterday and annihilated 200 officers and men.

ON BRYANSK FRONT.

One unit on the Bryansk front ousted the enemy from positions. The enemy left on the field over 600 officers and men, two German tanks and other booty. Another unit occupied two inhabited localities, captured three tanks, two field guns and other war material.

On the Leningrad front, during two days of fighting, four German blockhouses three observation posts and several guns were destroyed by artillery fire.

GERMANS FAIL TO RETAKE LOST POSITION.

From Reuter's special correspondent at Moscow:—

Germans have been unable to regain the positions lost in Marshal Timoshenko's drive on the Kharkov front in May, according to Soviet reports from that front to-day. This is despite the throwing in of large German reserves and fighting by night and day.

In another sector the Germans have failed after a four-day battle to win the hills covering the way to a certain river, the crossing of which is vital to them for the development of the offensive. They are not on the defensive on this sector.

Soviet Commando Raids On Black Sea Coast

LONDON, June 16.

Powerful Soviet Black Sea fleet units have been rushed to the help on the besieged fortress of Sebastopol.

Their heavy guns are pouring salvo after salvo into German heavy artillery batteries on the heights of Balaklava.

Black Sea sailors and marines working with the Red Army are making Commando raids at several points along the coast, the Moscow radio announced on Monday night.

"Cruisers destroyers and fast motor torpedo boats are scouring the Crimean waters for German and Rumanian ships and submarines.

General von Bock's drive east of Kharkov is believed to be one claw of the pincer movement against Rostov, according to a Stockholm message.

The second claw at Taganrog is thought to be held in readiness to launch an offensive as soon as the northern thrust has made progress.

The Kharkov fighting, despite German denials is believed to be the beginning of a large scale German offensive against the Caucasus.

Marshal Timoshenko's defence east of Kharkov may be a trap designed to exhaust the German forces on the narrow front, according to Swedish military authorities in a message to the Independent French Agency. They add that the time for large scale penetrations into Soviet defences is past.

Repression In Greece

Murders And Shooting Under Axis Regime

LONDON, June 16.

Ruthless repression is again being resorted to by the Germans and Italians in Greece following acts of sabotage.

According to the latest reports reaching the Greek Government in London, the Germans in the first week of June seized 300 hostages from all classes of the community, threatening a general execution, if sabotage and attacks on occupying troops did not stop. They did not cease and following the destruction of railway tracks near Athens, enemy controlled Greek newspapers announced that a large number of people had been shot.

The Italians shot five men for attacks on their soldiers. The Greek Government also learns severe measures are being taken against families of officers and politicians who escaped abroad to join the Greek forces. Major Akilas and Lieut. Cotoulas were shot at Athens for attempting to escape and for similar reason an airman and a policeman in the island of Mateline were done to death. Recently a Bulgarian murdered 130 Greeks in the district of Kilkis.—Reuter.

60,000 JEWS MOWED DOWN IN VILNA

NEW YORK, June 16.

A Stockholm despatch to New York says 60,000 Jews of Vilna were put to death between May 7 and 20 by the German-controlled Lithuanian police, according to a Pole who stayed in Vilna until May 24 and arrived in Stockholm a few days ago.

He said that men, women and children were taken nightly between sundown and dawn in trucks to the suburb of Ponary where they were moved down by machine-guns.

U-BOATS ON WEST COAST OF AFRICA

HULL, June 16.

Lord Strabolgi in a speech said information had reached him that U-boats were operating, off the west coast of Africa from Vichy French bases. This was intolerable. We and the Americans should take it in hand immediately. What we did in Madagascar we could if necessary do elsewhere.—Reuter.

RATIFICATION OF ANGLO-SOVIET PACT

KUIBYSHEV, June 16.

The British Ambassador, Sir Archibald Clark-Kerr is going to Moscow shortly in connection with the ratification of the Anglo-Soviet Pact.—Reuter.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru arrived in Bombay from Wardha on Tuesday morning. Mr. Bhulabhai Desai and others received him.

Britain Can't Resist Pressure Of Events

Jawahar On Withdrawal Of British From India: Cripps On Mahatma's Demand: More Light On Delhi Parleys

BOMBAY, June 16.

"I can quite believe that the British Government has no present intention of walking out of India in the middle of the war or after this. But much has happened in this war which the British Government did not intend and did not like and much is going to happen in India and elsewhere in spite of the wishes of the British Government."

Thus observed Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru who arrived in Bombay this morning, in an exclusive interview to the 'United Press' replying to the statement made by Sir Stafford Cripps to the 'United Press of India' in London, that "we are not going to walk out of India right in the middle of the war, though we do not wish to remain there for any imperialist reasons."

"I do not wish," Pandit Nehru added, "to continue the argument as to what took place during our conversations with Sir Stafford Cripps. This has been sufficiently debated in public and every aspect put before it. The Cripps proposals have gone into the limbo of things, done with and forgotten. They have no reality now.

CRIPPS' MIS-STATEMENT

"Only one thing I should like to say and that is that Sir Stafford's statement to the effect that the Working Committee had apparently accepted the proposals and it was only after further consultations with Mahatma Gandhi that they were turned down, is entirely incorrect. It is true that newspapers were making guesses and sometimes stating that the Working Committee was likely to accept the proposals, but Sir Stafford ought to know that these newspaper stories had no basis. After Gandhiji left Delhi there was no consultation with him of any kind and it is entirely wrong to imagine that the rejection was due to his pressure.

"Sir Stafford appears to hint that our rejection was due largely to Gandhiji's adherence to non-violence. This is also wholly incorrect. No question of violence and non-violence arose in our talks or in our consideration of this subject. We rejected the proposals purely on political grounds and we rejected them unanimously because they did not transfer real power to the Indian people. It was only a travesty of power that was offered, and India which has stood these long years for complete independence could not accept these humiliating proposals. Let me say again that the question has to be considered on political grounds and on no other."

Concluding Pandit Nehru emphasised that, "It is on the basis of independence and independence alone that we can consider the question of India."

TOO VITAL FOR BRITAIN TO LEAVE

"We are not going to walk out of India right in the middle of war, though we do not wish to

(Continued on Page 8)

JAP COLUMN DRIVEN BACK

CHUNGKING, June 16.

On the Hupeh front, a Japanese column of about 1,000 men, including infantry, cavalry and artillery, advanced from Shasi to Tangkiao on Sunday. During their attempt to push in the south-easterly direction on Monday, the Japanese were engaged by the Chinese troops.

In Southern Honan, when attempting to advance, on Huangchai, a Japanese column, numbering about 1,000, has been driven back by the Chinese. In northern Honan about 5,000 Japanese troops have converged on Linhsien, breaking into the city, and are now being engaged by Chinese troops in the vicinity.

Give Japan No Respite To Consolidate Gains

Addressing a foreign Press Conference in Chungking this afternoon, Dr. P. S. Fu stressed once again the urgency of giving Japan no respite nor any chance to consolidate her gains.

"As regards the war situation in China, I have nothing new to say except that our forces on the various fronts have been conducting their fight strategically according to the plan of the High Command".

STOP PRESS

HORSEMEN'S STRIKE CANCELS RACE

BOSTON, June 16.

A strike of horsemen resulted in the cancellation of racing programme at Suffolk Downs. The track owners refused to enter horses unless the track management increased the purses by 20 per cent which they claimed was necessary as their expenses had increased 30 per cent. The management said they could not afford it and ordered the meeting to be suspended.—Reuter.

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In Mediterranean

BIG ITALIAN CRUISER SUNK

R. A. F. And U. S. Planes Secure Hits On Several Enemy Warships

CAIRO, June 16.

It is officially announced that one Italian cruiser was hit and set on fire and one destroyer was probably hit in an attack by the fleet air arm in the neighbourhood of Pantalleria.

A six-inch-gun cruiser and a destroyer were among other ships hit in an attack on another Italian naval force in the Mediterranean.

American 'Liberators' manned by U. S. Army Air Corps attacked an Italian naval force on Monday and sank one "Trento" cruiser and scored a number of hits on two Italian battleships.

SUPPLIES TO TOBRUK AND MALTA DELIVERED

An official Admiralty and Air Ministry Communique issued tonight states: "The Royal Navy and the Merchant Navy with the co-operation of the R.A.F. and United States Army Air Corps have delivered supplies to the garrisons of Malta and Tobruk."

The operations have been carried through in the face of very heavy attacks by superior enemy naval forces and air forces and were not completed without loss. The fantastic enemy claims to have sunk cruisers and damaged a battleship and an aircraft-carrier are without any foundation.

Loss and damage have also been inflicted upon the enemy by His Majesty's ships, naval aircraft, the R.A.F. and the United States Army aircraft. One 10,000-ton cruiser of the 'Trento' class has been sunk and at least two destroyers have been sunk and heavy losses have been imposed upon the enemy air force."—

SEVERAL ITALIAN WARSHIPS HIT

A special "communique" issued by the R. A. F. Middle East Headquarters states: "For the past four days aircraft of the Allied air forces including aircraft of the United States Army Air Corps have been supporting naval operations in the Central and Eastern Mediterranean.

On the evening of June 14 a destroyer was sighted at sea south of Taranto. It was shadowed and during the night of June 14|15 was attacked by our long-range torpedo aircraft. The results were not observed.

CRUISER SET ON FIRE AND SUNK

On the morning of June 15 an Italian fleet was attacked by our torpedo-aircraft from Malta and Africa and by "Liberator" aircraft of which the majority were American and manned by United States Army Air Corps, the attacks were simultaneous. It is known that a number of hits were made on battleships and fires were caused. One 'Trento' class cruiser was set on fire by bombs and sunk by torpedo aircraft. One six-inch cruiser and one destroyer are also known to have been hit. Early in the afternoon the enemy turned northward and during the night of June 15/16 were shadowed as they returned to their base.

On the morning of June 15 a second Italian naval force of cruisers and destroyers in the neighbourhood of Pantellaria was attacked by torpedo-aircraft of the Fleet Air Arm and the R.A.F. One cruiser was hit and set on fire and one destroyer was probably hit.

Our naval forces were covered by our fighters and many bombing attacks were intercepted. The enemy was compelled to jettison bombs far from our ships. It is known that considerable losses were inflicted on the enemy air forces but full details are not yet available".

Rome Admits Sinking Of Cruiser

ROME, June 16.

To-day's Italian communique admits the loss of a heavy cruiser and says that one Italian destroyer was heavily damaged. —Reuter.

MALTA TAKES TOLL OF 15 AXIS PLANES

MALTA, June 16.

The total enemy casualties over Malta in 24 hours ending 22-15 last night were nine German bombers, one Italian bomber, three German fighters and two floatplanes destroyed. Several others were damaged.—Reuter.

Allied Forces Take Up New Positions

OUTLOOK IN LIBYA MORE CHEERFUL

Axis Plans Frustrated: Attacks On El Adem Repulsed

CAIRO, June 16.

The British garrison which were holding the Knightsbridge "Box" to the west of El-Adem has been withdrawn from there for some days.

ROMMEL'S TACTICS

LONDON, June 16.

General Rommel's tactics have so far succeeded in that he has been able to force the British from their advance defensive lines extending from Gazala to Bir Hacheim. It is an undeniable success, but measured by what Gen. Rommel set out to accomplish it is not to be compared with General Wavell's or General Auchinleck's victories, says "Annalist."

Gen. Rommel's objective was Tobruk as the curtain raiser with hopes of thrusting towards Sollum and Egypt, but after eighteen days he has not been much nearer Tobruk than on the second day of his offensive and the troops he hoped to encircle have slipped from his grasp at Bir Hacheim and Gazala.

The evacuation of two divisions in the 'Gazala salient was probably a costly process, but they are believed to have got most of their material away with them. The Axis, however, remain in possession of most of the battlefield.

The British losses in tanks and vehicles are undoubtedly heavy, but the enemy has not got off lightly. Gen. Rommel may now attempt to repeat his action farther east, but his offensive power must also have suffered and Tobruk is likely to prove a very different proposition from Gazala and Bir Hacheim.—Reuter.

Rommel Digging In Round El-Adem

From Reuter's special correspondent in Libya at Eighth Field Headquarters:—

Gen. Rommel's forces are reported this evening to be digging in round El Adem, twenty miles south of Tobruk, while a German regiment of tanks and motorised vehicles is milling round in the vicinity.

The British troops in the El Adem "Box" which consists of two strongpoints, beat off two fierce German attacks to-day. The Germans using artillery tanks and infantry received a good hammering and are withdrawing in confusion. Some 30 miles farther west of this fighting area the Germans are in complete control of El Tamar on the edge of the Devil's Cauldron near Knightsbridge. In the north another German armoured division has settled down south of Acroma, 20 miles from Tobruk.

Gen. Rommel's difficulty at the moment seems to be shortage of frontline infantry. A considerable number of infantry is always needed for an attack on a minefield defended by strongpoints such as El Adem and Acroma and for the purpose of consolidating territory. Water difficulties are probably stopping the Germans from following up the initial attack after the evacuation of Bir-Hacheim. The indications are that the enemy have already overrun their supply lines. This will take some days to remedy but it is not likely seriously to delay a renewal of the drive on Tobruk.—Reuter.

Outlook More Cheerful

CAIRO, June 16.

The outlook for the Allies in Libya to-day is much more cheerful now that the danger of General Rommel's cutting off the first South African and Fiftieth Divisions holding the salient south of Gazala has been removed. The Axis has been baulked of its first objective—to roll up the Gazala line preparatory to an assault on Tobruk. The withdrawal was a skilful manoeuvre made under cover of determined fighting by troops holding positions around Acroma—aided by the first armoured division.

8th Army Intact

One salient fact emerges from the latest official news—the Eighth Army is still intact and manoeuvrable. From the new Allied line which runs roughly from Acroma through El Adem in the south, General Ritchie's troops are fighting back strongly. As part of the new disposition of his forces General Ritchie has also withdrawn the British garrison holding the Knightsbridge "Box" west of El Adem. It is revealed to-day that these troops were taken out some days ago.

The Allies now have no forces west of Acroma while the Axis have nothing east of El Adem. There is now nothing to stop General Rommel from getting astride the coast road west of Tobruk—if he has not already done so—by coming down the escarpment northwest of Acroma. He still seems to have plenty of armour left and his latest thrust means that he is now recovering a large quantity of damaged tanks within the Knightsbridge-Acroma-El Adem triangle. South of Gen. Rommel's new position Allied mobile forces are operating freely against the Axis flank. Three strong attacks made by the Axis yesterday on El Adem —all of which were repulsed—were delivered from west, northwest and southwest.

Reuter's special correspondent cables to-night that the repulse of Gen. Rommel's attacks on El-Adem means that the determined Axis attempt to break into Tobruk from the south or alternatively to cut the coast road east of Tobruk has been frustrated.

Ritchie Takes Up New Positions

A Middle East Communique states:—"General Ritchie has completed the new dispositions of his forces. The first South African Division and the Fiftieth Division have been withdrawn successfully from their position south of Gazala.

This move made under cover of magnificent fight by troops holding positions round Acroma and the first armoured division who beat off determined enemy attacks throughout the whole of June 14. Three strong attacks on our positions round El Adem were repulsed yesterday with heavy loss to the enemy. Our mobile forces attacking the enemy in the flank played a valuable part in this action. Our air forces had a successful day against the enemy concentrations, destroying a number of enemy tank and transport vehicles".

R. A. F. BOMBS ENEMY POSITIONS

To-day's Middle East R. A. F. Communique states:—

"Throughout yesterday, June 15, our aircraft were in action in the forward area in Cyrenaica, operating in close co-operation with our land forces. Enemy formations in the El-Adem area were subjected to constant attack by bomber and fighter-bomber aircraft and a successful raid was carried out in the evening on enemy troops in this area. In attacks on smaller formations a number of enemy tanks and numerous motor transport vehicles were destroyed. One "CR 42" (Fiat fighter) was shot down.

Enemy air activity was principally directed against our shipping over which our fighters provided continuous patrol. A formation of "79 torpedo-bombers" was successfully intercepted, two Italian aircraft being shot down.

OUR TABULATED ADLETS

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1. PERSONAL ADLETS

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A Smartha Vadama South Indian Brahmin Girl (Gautama Gotram) aged 16 well accomplished in music, fair complexion, 4 1/2, fair high respectable family, seeks alliance with an educated accomplished Bridegroom of the same caste holding responsible position. Apply Box No. 16392, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted two South Indian Bride grooms for two accomplished girls of respectable Brahmin family (Brihacharanam, Harida Gotra) aged 20 and 21 years; completed school final and secondary teachers' training courses at Madras well up in music and house-hold work; Bridegrooms should be in respectable and well-placed positions in life. No sub-caste restrictions. Correspond with full particulars to Box No. 8780, "Bombay Chronicle."

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted for a young lady, a Lady Companion. Must have knowledge of Indian Music, be Graduate, healthy, and about 25 years of age. Good salary expected. Apply Box No. 8772, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Lawyers, Graduates, Engineers, Doctors and Clerks to apply for 'terms' to Kapoor & Co., Cloth Market, Delhi. (16280)

Wanted Planning Engineers with definite workshop experience in metal and wooden parts for large organisation. Must be able to read blue prints and record operations of manufacture of wood and metal parts. Apply stating age, experience and present salary to Box No. 8752 "Bombay Chronicle."

Applications are invited for the post of Collection Clerk. Only qualified persons knowing typing and Collection Work should apply with copies of testimonials to Mr. Bapalal R. Gandhi, President, Ghatkopar-Kirol Municipality. 8726

Wanted: 250 Candidates for Railway Services as Guards: Station Masters, Signallers, Ticket-Collectors, etc. Period of training 4-5 months. Free quarter. Railway fare paid. Scholarship Rs. 80/-. Apply with -/16 to Director, All-India Railway Commercial and Telegraph School, Daryaganj, Delhi. (16370)

Wanted a temporary Librarian for Government Office in Bombay. Salary Rs. 75-4-115-4-155-5-175. Qualifications: Graduate of an Indian University with law degree. Must hold certificate of Associateship of the London Library Association and must have at least 5 years experience in a recognized library. Apply Box No. 8778, "Bombay Chronicle", before the 23rd June, 1942.

Wanted:—A practical expert to organise paper making as a Cottage industry in this State. Ample bamboo, soft wood and grass. Apply to the Dewan, Korea State E.S.A. P.O. Baikunthpur. (8766)

Wanted:—Cook—bearer for guest house in a State. Apply stating experience and salary expected to Box No. 8767, "Bombay Chronicle".

141. EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Somjee's College of Architecture, Re-opens 22nd June. For admission apply Principal, Prospect Chambers Annexe, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay. 16397

College of Dentistry Recognized by Sind Government. Session begins July 15th. Admission open to Matriculates. For Prospectus apply, Principal, Dr. M. C. Patel, D.D.S., D.M.D., Hospital Road, Karachi. 8758

Institute of Radio Technology. Jestharam Baugh, Dadar, Bombay, commences fresh sessions from 29th of June in Radio Engineering, Servicing, A.M.I.E.E., Wireless Telegraphy. London Qualified Staff, Govt., Certificates. Apply for prospectus. 8758

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8753

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THE COLLEGE OPENS on the 20th June. It teaches Honours Courses for B.A. in English, Sanskrit, Marathi and Economics and Pass Courses in Philosophy, History, Mathematics and Gujarati. Sanskrit, Persian, French, Latin and Ardha-Magadhi are taught in F.Y.A. and I.A. Classes. The Hostels for boys and girls occupy ideal surroundings. Special arrangements are made for boating and swimming on the premises of the College.

T. A. KULKARNI,
Principal.

(8595)

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On and from WEDNESDAY, 24th June, the Air Conditioned Coach which runs between Bombay and Kalka thrice a week will terminate at Delhi.

There will be a daily Air Conditioned service between Bombay and Delhi.

8784

G. I. P. RAILWAY.

Rate Circulars

A NEW RATE CIRCULAR viz., Local Rate Advice No. 6 (Goods and Coaching) of 1942 has been issued.

Particulars may be obtained from the Chief Traffic Manager, Bombay, or stations.

8783

245. ASTROLOGERS.

Consult free Prof. N. A. Mawn, world famous Palmist Astrologer Spiritualist at Kitab Mahal, 192, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay. Excellent testimonials. Time 8 a.m. to 3 p.m. (16373)

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652. MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

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8727

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Public Notices

THE PODAR MILLS, LIMITED

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the SHARE TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from FRIDAY, the 26th June to THURSDAY, the 9th July, 1942. (both days inclusive).

By Order of the
Board of Directors,
PODAR SONS LIMITED,
Managing Agents.

Bombay, 17-6-42. 8785

TENDER NOTICE.

THE CONTROLLER of Supplies, Purchase Branch, Shahibag House, Ballard Estate, Bombay invites tenders for the supply of:—

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Tender No. P|SY 8511199.

Price of the tender form is Rs. 2/- per set and is not refundable and the forms are not transferable. Payment should be made in cash or by money order only quoting tender number and remitter's full address. Tenders will be received upto 4 P.M. on 5-7-42 and opened at 11 A.M. on 6-7-42.

(8770

NOTICE.

THE BOMBAY LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, LTD.

NOTICE HAVING BEEN GIVEN of the loss of Policy No. 38206 on the life of Mr. Adige Rangappaya, a duplicate policy will be issued unless objection is lodged with us within one month from this date.

JYOTENDRA L. MEHTA,
Managing Director.

Bombay, 17th June, 1942. (16406)

THE NAVABHARAT INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.
Head Office : : BOMBAY.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the MEETING of the Policyholders of the Company to elect 2 Directors on the Company's Board will be held in its Registered Office, 261-263, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay, on the 25th September, 1942, at 4 P. M. (S.T.).

One who intends to attend the meeting must have the Company's Policy on his life in force for not less than 6 months on the day of the meeting; and his application for admission to the meeting must reach the Company not less than 2 months prior to the date of the meeting.

One who intends to stand for election, must have the Company's policy or policies on his life of an amount including Bonuses, not less than Rs. 3,000 or of an Annuity of not less than Rs. 250 per annum and in force for not less than 3 years on the date of the meeting. Similarly, he must send applications for the purpose by Registered Post and the said applications must reach the Company not less than 2 months prior to the date of the meeting. The application must state the Policy Number or numbers and their amounts making him eligible to stand for the election.

Applications in either case must be either in English or Marathi language.

By Order of the Board of
Directors,
R. N. MOGHE,
Managing Director.

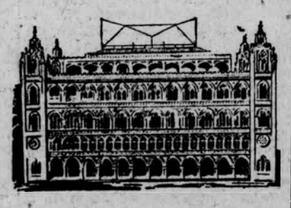
Bombay, 17th June, 1942.

(8786)

BURMA INCOME-TAX STAFF

MEMBERS of the Burma Income-tax Staff now in India are requested to communicate their present addresses to the Commissioner of Income-tax, Burma (Address: Carlton Hotel, Lucknow.)

8755



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8. **Radio Engineering.**

Candidates are admitted from all parts of India, regardless of caste, creed or sex but to ensure an equitable distribution of trained men, a regional quota system of admission is maintained. In order to ensure admission, an early reservation on the waiting list is hence advised.

For prompt reply, write your name, address and province clearly and send annas eight for our illustrated booklet to expedite dispatch.

THE NEW SESSION COMMENCES IN JUNE

A.G. BHATE
Dip. Ing. (Charlottenburg),
Director.

8774

Public Notices

BOMEAY PORT TRUST

TENDERS will be received up to 1 p.m. (S.T.) on TUESDAY, the 30th June, 1942 for the supply of 10,00,000 ERICKS RED MASONRY 9" x 4-1/2" x 2-1/2".

Tender forms giving full particulars can be obtained from the Office of the undersigned on payment of Rs. 1/- per copy in advance.

W. J. WILSON,
Controller of Stores
Mazagon, Bombay No. 10.
13th June, 1942.

(8739

WANTED FOR THE ARMY.

TRADESMEN are required urgently for service in the Indian Army. Good pay is offered to suitable candidates, who are experienced in a trade. Excellent prospects of rapid promotion. The following are some of the tradesmen required:—

Fitters, Electricians, Draughtsmen Blacksmiths, Coppersmiths, Surveyors Turners, Moulders, Sawyers, Welders Carpenters, Bootmakers.

Men for many other trades also required. Men with slight knowledge of a trade can now be accepted and will receive further training at Army Centres.

Good pay offered—plus free food clothing and accommodation.

Applications from young men with some education desirous of learning a trade will also be considered.

Apply to nearest Technical Recruiting Office:—

(1) Staunton Road, POONA, (2) Esplanade Maidan, Dhobi Talao, BOMBAY, (3) Lal Darwaja, AHMEDABAD, (4) Bungalow No. 39 Camp BELGAUM, (5) Assembly Rest House Building, NAGPUR.

(8719

CHANGE OF ADDRESS

THE OFFICE of the National Service Labour Tribunal, at present located on the ground floor of Vithal Building, Mint Road, will be moved to Hassan Chambers, Parsee Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay, as and from 15th June, 1942.

8750

KHALSA COLLEGE, TECHNICAL INSTITUTE, MATUNGA, BOMBAY-19.

STEP into lucrative posts as Electrical Engineers, Wireless Operators, Radio Servicemen or Executive posts of public service commission. Especially graded complete short duration training in theory and practicals for non-matrics to Inter Science Examination Wiremen, Electricians, City and Guilds, A. M. I. E. E., Govt. Radio Examinations P. M. G., etc.

Next session 20th June, 1942. Remit three annas stamps for prospectus.

PRINCIPAL
8592

Legal Notices

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Messrs. ABDULKADER ABDULWAHED and ABDUL GAFAR ABDULWAHED, of Bombay Muslim Inhabitants have contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client.

All persons having any claim against or to the aid property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at 36, Tamarind Lane, Fort, Bombay, within FOURTEEN days from the date hereof otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

ALL that piece or parcel of land or ground of Foras tenure now free-hold with the buildings standing thereon, situate, lying and being at Kalachowki Road at Chinchpokli, without the Fort of Bombay in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 321 square yards or thereabouts and assessed by the Collector of land Revenue under No. 767, Cadastral Survey No. 613 of the Mazagaon Division and by the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under E Ward Nos. 8366 and 8367, Old Street Nos. 11 and 12 and present No. 27 all of which premises are bounded as follows: That is to say, on or towards the East by the property formerly in the occupation of Nagottamdas Jamnadas and now of Vasantrao Pundlik Dhumatkar and others, on or towards the West by the property formerly of Allarakhia Khan Mahomed and now of Ebrahim Ayub and others, on or towards the North by a passage called Telli Gally and on or towards the South by the property formerly of Tribhovandas Varjivandas but now of Sha Vrajlal Khimchand and others.

Bombay, dated this 16th day of June, 1942.

GHULAMALI NOORANI & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

(8782)

Auction Sales

MENESSE & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF ABOUT 300 BALES COTTON (JERILLA KHANGAUM, BENGAL, COMILLA).

Messrs. MENESSE & CO., will sell by Public Auction on FRIDAY, the 19th June, 1942, at 2-15 p.m. (S. T.), at Cotton Depot Sewree opposite the Port Trust Office by Order of the Insurance Office concerned the abovementioned cotton slightly damaged by fire and water salved from the fire that occurred on the 15th June, 1942, to cotton of Messrs. Ralli Bros.

The above will be sold in different lots to suit the requirements of the purchasers.

MENESSE & CO.,

20th Week

PRAKASH PICTURES'

BHARAT MILAP

(Hindi)

Daily: 2-45, 6 & 9 (Hindi)

Sat., Sun., 11-30 a.m. (MARATHI)

MAJESTIC

EVERGREEN RELEASE

Special LADIES SHOW DAILY at 2 P.M.

ONLY LAST 3 DAYS

THE BIRTH OF A BABY

(HINDI VERSION)

"Every Family must see this Picture"

Smt. KAMLADEVI CHHATTOPADHYA

Daily at 4-30, 7, 9-45 P.M.

OPERA HOUSE

Children under 15 will not be admitted.

SIXTH SNAPPY WEEK

PRAKASH PICTURES'

STATION MASTER

Daily: 3-30, 6-30, 9-30 p.m.

MINERVA

EVERGREEN RELEASE

NOTHING LIKE IT

has been seen before!

MASOOM

FIRST MUSLIM SOCIAL

ROMOLA, ANIS, MEHTAB, MAZHAR, AMJAD

3rd Big Week

IMPERIAL

Daily: 4, 7 & 10 p. m.

BROADWAY

(DADAR)

Daily: 4-15, 7 & 10 p. m.

LAST 3 DAYS

BOMBAY TALKIES

"AZAD"

LEELA CHITNIS & ASHOK KUMAR

From SAT. 20th

NATIONAL'S

NAI-ROSHNI

METRO

COMFORTABLY COOL

ESPLANADE ROAD

TELEPHONE 51045

Daily at 3-30, 6-30, 9-30 p.m.

LAST 2 DAYS!

The New Version

"Love thy neighbour's wife!

It is all FUN in

DIL-LAGI

KUMAR & HANSA with ANURADHA & GULAB

2nd Crowded Week

SUPER

Daily: 4-15, 7 & 9-45

Fri., Sat., Sun. 1-30

Daily: 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m

NOVELTY

3rd Week

SAUBHAGYA'S Maiden Comedy

or

DUNIYA EK TAMASHA

is in the opinion of NEW THEATRE'S

PAHARI SANYAL

"AN EYE-OPENER"

"IT'S A SCREAM"

What do you say?

ZANANA SHOW

To-morrow at 1 p.m.

JANAK'S

RAI SAHEB

Directed by S. M. YUSOOF

LAMINGTON

Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.

FROM WED. TO FRI. 3 DAYS ONLY

SERVICE LTD.

A SAGAR MOVIETONE PICTURE

Starring: SURENDRA, MAYA, BIBBO

SUN 21ST. MORNING 10-0 A.M.

LAILA MAJNU

(IN PUNJABI)

PRAKASH

Daily: 4, 7, 10

Lady Hardinge Rd., Matunga, B.B.

FROM TO-DAY CHANGE OF TIMINGS

SWASTIK

(Pathe)

3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 P. M.

The Picture You'd love to see Twice

Vijay

The Picture for the whole family

Starring: DURGA KHOTE HARISH, HUSN BANU

TEARS THRILLS LOVE MUSIC

SWASTIK

(Pathe)

The Theatre for Luxurious Comfort

Tele: 41561

A

For AMAR, which lends a new lustre to the screen

watch Saturday's papers

Reading the Papers? Playing Cards?

Come on, Boys! It's JUBILEE WEEK of

"JHOOLA"!

BOMBAY TALKIES' Musical Comedy Marvel

Producer: S. MUKERJI

Daily: 2-15, 5-45, 9 p.m.

ROXY

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Wash Your Mouth, Nose and Throat
with
GLYMOL
EFFICIENT ANTISEPTIC
GARGLE & WASH
Invaluable during Epidemics
● HARMLESS
● NON-IRRITANT
● AGREEABLE
BENGAL CHEMICAL
CALCUTTA : : BOMBAY.
Agents:
ORIENT DRUG AGENCY,
Princess Street, Bombay 2.

Bombay War Gifts Fund

Amount previously acknowledged: Rs. 94,87,706-13-9.

FOR INDIAN RED CROSS & AMENITIES FOR TROOPS: Rs. 1,619-6-0 Through the Sub-Treasury Officer, Ankleshwar, Broach and Panch Mahals.

Rs. 701-12-0 Through the Rev: Mother Superior, Convent of Jesus and Mary, Poona, being donation from the Staff and Children of her two Schools in Poona.

Rs. 315-0-0 The Members of the Staff of the Times of India, (monthly).

FOR THE R.A.F.: Rs. 1,620 Through the Sub-Treasury Officer, Ankleshwar, Broach and Panch Mahals.

Rs. 827-10-0 The Staff of the Imperial Chemical Industries (India) Ltd., (monthly).

Rs. 315-1-0 The Members of the Staff of the Times of India, (monthly).

Rs. 130-2-0 The Staff of Singer Sewing Machine Company (monthly).

Grand total on Tuesday (including sums less than Rs. 100) Rs. 94,93,307-4-0.

Kamaladevi In City

Mrs. Kamaladevi who was in charge of the Women Workers' Training Camp of the All-India Women's Conference at Abrama as Director and Resident Instructor arrived in Bombay on Tuesday afternoon. She was accompanied by the inmates of camp who looked cheerful and refreshed despite three months' strenuous time. Mrs. Kamaladevi was received at the station by Mr. Yusuf Meherally, the Mayor of Bombay, and other friends and colleagues. After three days' stay in the city she will be proceeding to Karnatak.

Kurla Municipal Election

Messrs. Govind Ramchandra Datar and Abdul Rehman Fitwalla both Independents are contesting the ensuing election to the Kurla Municipality fixed for 28th June.

The Panna Diamond Mining Syndicate, Limited.

PUBLIC AUCTION OF VALUABLE DIAMONDS WON FROM PANNA MINES

About 800 diamonds of the aggregate weight of 1000 ratties won from Panna Mines will be sold by Public Auction from 29th June, 1942 at 11 a. m. in the Diamond Department's Office of the Panna State. The terms and conditions of the Auction will be read before the commencement of the Auction.

Arrangements will be made to keep the valuables or cash in the Safe Deposit in Panna free of any charge.

N.B.—Several diamonds of Big size will also be sold in this Auction.

8522
The MONSOON—
it has arrived at last

After torrid temperatures, the rains are very welcome. But the monsoon also brings a host of ills along. With soaked clothes and wet feet, body resistance is frequently weakened. Continuous damp weather and cloudy skies find chinks in your health armour for colds, coughs and, may be, worse.

This is the time when perfect physical fitness and vitality should be maintained with a full measure of vitamins and those essential elements with which Parle's GLUCO Biscuits abound. They are delicious and very nourishing. Stock up your supply now.

Parle's Gluco BISCUITS
MILK, WHEAT, BUTTER & GLUCOSE

SHE SETS AN EXAMPLE
For all EDUCATED
MODERN GIRLS
See her Ideal Story
TAMANNA
Starring:
LEELA DESAI,
and JAIRAJ

with JAGDISH, KARAN DEWAN, K. C. DEY, SHANTAKUMARI
LAXMI PRODUCTION SUPREME RELEASE
Director: PHANI MOZUMDAR
SAT. 20th | ROYAL OPERA HOUSE

ON THE AIR

WEDNESDAY, June 17.

Delhi I—Programme

338.6 metres (886 kc/s)

5 p.m. Chandaoai. 5-15 Zohra Jan. 5-30 Chand Khan. 6-30 For women. 7-15 Rajabhau Deo. 7-30 The Chinese scene. 10 7-45 Chand Khan. 8 Youth looks ahead. 4. 8-15 For villagers only. 9-30 B B C News relay. 9-45 Listening post 9-55 Gat Tora on Tabla. 10 Ghazal Aur Bhajan. 10-15 Zohra Jan. 10-30 Chandbai.

Bombay I—Programme.

244 metres (1,231 kc/s)

7-30 a.m. Manhar G. Barwe. 7-50 News in Hindustani. 8 News in English. 8-10 Master Hashmat. 8-20 Violin recital. 8-30 Sonibai Mulgaokar. 8-50 News in Marathi. 9 News in Gujarati. 9-10 Jagannath. 9-20 D. A. Ranade. 12-30 p.m. Four bhavgeets. 12-57 News in Hindustani. 1 Variety 1-30 News in English. 1-35 Lunch hour music. 4-30 Teachers' broadcast. 5 To-morrow. 5-5 Jagannath. 5-20 Khamaj on Dilruba. 5-25 D A. Ranade. 5-40 News in Marathi. 5-45 News in Gujarati. 5-50 Master Hashmat. 6 News in English. 6-10 Counter-attack. 6-15 News in Hindustani. 6-25 Local news and announcements. 6-30 Manhar G. Barwe. 7 Stage Ke Sitare. 3. 7-15 Jagannath. 7-25 D. A. Ranade. 7-35 Master Hashmat. 7-45 News commentary. 7-50 Gujarati greet. 8 Marathi pad. 8-10 News in Marathi. 8-20 News in Gujarati. 8-30 The voice of America. 8-45 War review. 9 News in Hindustani. 9-15 News commentary in Hindustani. 9-20 News in English. 9-30 B B C News relay. 9-45 Listening post. 9-50 War review. 10 Ebrahim. 10-10 Manhar G. Barwe.

Bombay II—Programme

41.44 metres (7,240 kc/s)

7-30 to 7-50 a.m. As in Bombay 1. 7-50 Manhar G. Barwe. 8 Jaltarang Solo. 8-10 to 8-50 As in Bombay 1. 8-50 Thumri Bhairavin. 9 Mirabai Bhajan. 9-10 to 9-30 As in Bombay 1.

41.44 metres (7,240 kc/s)

12-30 to 2-25 p.m. As in Bombay 1.

41.44 metres (7,240 kc/s)

4-30 to 7-15 As in Bombay 1. 7-15 Interval.

61.48 metres (4,885 kc/s)

7-30 p.m. Commercial news. 7-45 to 8-10 As in Bombay 1. 8-10 Sonibai Mulgaokar. 8-30 to 9 As in Bombay 1. 9 Air Orchestra. 9-10 Thumri. 9-20 Bhajan. 9-30 The London Philharmonic Orchestra. 9-45 Chamber music.

Talk Of The Suburbs

(BY A SUBURBAN MAN)

Mr. H. A. Khan, Additional District Magistrate, Thana, sentenced Kashinath Hari Nakhwa, a brick merchant of Kalyan, to pay a fine of Rs. 150 in default to undergo rigorous imprisonment for two months.

Kashinath, was found guilty of selling 1,520 bricks in contravention of the brick control order and was charged under the Defence of India Rules. Kashinath paid the fine.

TAXI FARES

Ever since the rationing of petrol came into force, Suburban Taxi fares rose rapidly with the result that one could not even afford engaging a taxi for an urgent case. The taxi drivers with the pleas of shortage of petrol have increased their fares nearly double.

As the taxi is an important means of conveyance in cases of sick patients, it is hoped that the police or the authorities concerned will move into the matter of controlling this rise in rates.

Dange's Health

The Director of Information informs that Mr. Dange is suffering from anaemia, but he is not seriously ill and his general condition is good. He has lost only 4 lb. since his admission to the Yeravda Central Prison on December 25, 1941, and lost only one pound during the month ended June 12.

He is now receiving the necessary treatment and has been allowed special diet.

University Of Bombay

Supplementary result of the M.A. and M.Sc. Exam.

I M.A. EXAM.

First Class No. 378. No. 377 has failed in the examination.

II M.SC. MATHEMATICS. EXAM.

First Class No. 6; Pass Class No. 5.

RETURN TICKET OF YOUTH

If you have lost youthful vigour and suffer from any disease, such as Nervous Debility, Other Weakness, Functional Disorders, Chronic Ailments, Piles, etc., my advice to you is to consult world-famous Dr. & Hakim, M. A. Bux, M.D.H.T.H., First Class, (Gold Medalist). Such recommendations are made by thousands of sufferers who are successfully treated.

Dr. & Hakim, M. A. Bux has hereditary profession since the time of Mogul Emperors. He has attained enviable popularity not only in Asia but also in Europe and America. In fact, he is the only physician who cures all diseases without operation and guarantees amazing results. For his marvellous efficiency he has received heaps of unsolicited testimonials and hundreds of Gold Medals from Rajas, Maharajas and Government Officers. With his 30 years experience in the line he has proved himself God-sent Physician who has given new lease of life to thousands of men and women. He welcomes all sufferers to take his right advice and get vigorous life.

Treatment absolutely confidential.

WORLD FAMOUS SWADESHI DISPENSARY

(Regd. by Government of India)

Manu Mansion, Sandhurst Bridge, Tram Terminus, BOMBAY, 4.

TIME: 8 to 11 and 4 to 8-30.

Open on Sundays also.

WHEN YOUTH CALLS TO YOUTH...!
NEW THEATRES' TOP NOTCH!
4th Week
SAUGAND
Starring:—PAHARI, BHARATI, CHANDRAVATI, etc.
ASHIT-BARAN,
KRISHNA
Daily: 3, 6-15 & 9-30 p.m.

City And Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS To-day

Hindu: Jeth Shud 4. 1998
Muslim: Jamadi-ul-Akher 2. 1361
Parsi: Deh 16. 1311
Sunrise: 6-3 a.m. Sunset: 7-15 p.m.
Hightide: 1-26, 14-17. Lowtide: 7-24. 20-30

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

REGAL—"Remember The Day" 4. 6-30 and 9-39 p.m.
SWASTIK—"Vijay" 3. 6 and 9 p.m. Matinee to-day at 12 noon.
KRISHNA—"Saugand" 3. 6-15 and 9-30 p.m.
ROXY—"Jhoola 2-15 5-45 and 9 p.m.
NEW EMPIRE—"Bed Time Story" 4. 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
METRO—"All Thru The Night" 3-30. 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
MINERVA—"Station Master' 3-30. 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"Bharat Milap" 2-45. 6 and 9 p.m.
OPERA HOUSE—"The Birth of a Baby" 2. 4-30. 7 and 9-45 p.m.
CAPITOL—"Sun-Valley Serenade" 4. 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
NEW WEST-END—"Khan-Daan" 3. 6 and 9 p.m.
NOVELTY—"Duniya Ek Tamasha" 3-30. 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
PLAZA—"Apna Ghar" 3-30. 6-15 and 9 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Pahila Paina" 3-30. 6-15 and 9 p.m.
PARADISE—"Lady Eve" 4. 6-30 and 10 p.m.
AURORA—"Aloma of the South Seas" 3-30. 6-30 and 10 p.m.
PALACE—"Appointment for Love" 4. 6-30 and 10 p.m.
HIND-MATA—"Malan" 4-30. 7 and 10 p.m.
CHITRA—"Doctor" 4 6-45 and 9-45 p.m.
LAMINGTON—"Rai Saheb" 3-30. 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
PRAKASH—"Savitri" 4. 7 and 10 p.m.
BROADWAY—"Azad" 4-15. 7 and 10 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Masoom" 4. 7 and 10 p.m.
SUPER—"Dil Lagi" 4-15. 7 and 9-45 p.m.

STANDING COMMITTEE MEETING: The next meeting of the Standing Committee will be held in the Corporation Hall to-day (Wednesday), at 3-30 p.m. (B.T.).

MUSLIM STUDENTS' UNION: A country gets the Government it deserves will be the subject of a public debate in the Union Hall, to-day (Wednesday), at 6-15 p.m.

SEASON TICKET FOUND: A third class quarterly Season Ticket between Dadar (G.I.P. or B.B. & C.I.) and V. T. or Churchgate has been found. The owner may take it from Vasudev Kamath P.V.B. Office, Hotel Congress House, Bombay 4.

UNITED LODGE OF THEOSOPHISTS: A public Study Class on "Kama Loka" from "The Ocean of Theosophy" by W. Q. Judge, will be held to-day (Wednesday), at 6-15 p.m. at Jehangir Wadia Building, Opp. Flora Fountain. All are cordially invited.

BOMBAY ADULT EDUCATION COMMITTEE: The programme of the literacy campaign for to-day (Wednesday) 7 p.m. Raoji Sojpal Chawl, Fer Bunder, Ghodapdeo, Prof. D. R. Gharpure, Sjt. P. R. Lele, Prof. Sovani and Dr. Mhatre will speak.

TELEGRAPH NOTIFICATION: Owing to interruptions and disturbances, telegraph communication with stations Calcutta-Nagpur, Calcutta Muzaffarpur and their adjacent areas is imperfect. Telegrams to and from those stations are subject to delay.

BOMBAY AKALI-DAL: Shahidi Day of Siri Guru Arjan Dev the 5th Guru of Sikhs will be commemorated on 18th inst. in Akali Dal, Kalbadevi Road from morning to evening. S. N. Tej Singh, S. Ram Singh Jamadar, and S. Kartar Singh will deliver speeches about Sikh religion and the settlement between Unionist Government and the Sikhs in the Punjab.

CITY & SUBURBAN MOTOR DRIVERS' UNION: The Bombay City and Suburban Motor Car Drivers' Union will take part in the P.V.B. Rally to-day (Wednesday), when Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru will preside. The Secretary of the Union requests the owners of the private motor cars to relieve their drivers so as to enable them to attend at Nare Park, G.I.P. Parel, by 5 p.m.

DEVADIGA SUDHARAKA SANGHA: The Devadiga Sudharaka Sangha celebrated its 17th Anniversary on Sunday the 14th inst. under the presidentship of Mr. Narain V. Ullal, Chief Spinning Master of Khatau Makanji Mills Ltd., in its premises in Bombay.

The Sangha had actively helped the cause of educational advancement of the poor and needy students by granting scholarships.

MUSLIM MEETING AT DHARAVI: A public meeting has been organised, under the auspices of 'G' Ward District Muslim League, at Dharavi in the godown hall of Mr. M. R. Shaffi to-day (Wednesday), at 6 p.m. when the Chairman and the members of the Bombay Provincial Muslim League Civil Defence Committee will address the gathering and explain to the Muslims as to what measures should be adopted in case of trouble. They will also explain the programme of the Muslim League Civil Defence Committee.

After the meeting Mr. S. Mohammed Din Haji Kader Bux will entertain the Chairman and the members of the Civil Defence Committee at a dinner party in their honour.

PVB

Jawaharlal's To-day's Programme

P.V.B. RALLY AND PUBLIC MEETING

10 a.m. (S.T.): Press Interview at Sakina Mazsion, Carmichael Road, Off Pedder Road.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru will inspect and address a general rally of the P.V.B. volunteers to-day (Wednesday), at 5-30 p.m. at Nare Park, Opp. G.I.P. Rly. Workshop, Parel. Thereafter he will address a public meeting under the auspices of the B.P.C.C. Shri Bhulabhai J. Desai, President of the B.P.C.C. will preside.

Loud-speakers will be installed, at the meeting.

The P.V.B. volunteers are required to be present at the Rally at 6 p.m. precisely.

THE DIV. OFFICER: "A" WARD P. V. B. WRITES: Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru will attend a P.V.B. Rally at Nare Park, Hospital Avenue Road, opp. G.I.P. Workshop, Parel. Volunteers are requested to be present opp. 'A' Ward Office at 4-30 p.m. from where they will proceed to Parel. Conveyance arrangements will be made. Colaba Section Volunteers should be present at Victoria Bunder, Colaba, at 5 p.m.

BOMBAY NATIONAL GUARDS: "The Jt. Hon. Secretary writes:—

All the "A" Ward members of the B.N.G. are required to be present in full uniform with P.V.B. armlets at the "A" Ward Congress Office at 5 p.m. to-day (Wednesday), to join the general rally of the P.V.B. at Parel. Rest of the members should be present at Parel."

'C' WARD P.V.B. VOLUNTEERS' RALLY:—'C' Ward volunteers are informed that Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru will inspect and address P.V.B. Volunteers on Wednesday (17th inst.) at 6-30 p.m. at Nare Park, Opposite G. I. P. Railway Workshop Hospital Avenue Road, Near K. E. M. Hospital Parel. 'C' Ward volunteers are requested to be present at the Rally in time with their armlets.

THE NATIONAL WAR FRONT
welcomes the visit of
H. R. H.
THE DUKE OF GLOUCESTER
as a proof that
Great Britain and her
mighty Allies intend to see
India safely through this war.
HELP TO BUILD INDIA'S NATIONAL WAR FRONT

To day defence begins at the Blast Furnace. Armament factories are converting hundreds of tons of steel into weapons of war.
When peace returns once more these giants of war will again become strongholds of industrial prosperity.
Always Everywhere Steel for Strength
To withstand the immense strain imposed on them, the smallest of details in modern structure are made of steel.
TATA STEEL
ISSUED BY THE TATA IRON & STEEL CO., LTD. HEAD SALES OFFICE. 102A, CLIVE STREET, CALCUTTA
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The Bombay Chronicle

CONGRESS AND LEAGUE MUST MEET

Few subjects are now more on the lips of Indian leaders than communal unity, yet unity is more elusive now than ever before. Realising this Gandhiji said to a pressman the other day: "I have been asking myself why every whole-hearted attempt made by all, including myself, to reach unity has failed and failed so completely that I have entirely fallen from grace and am described by some Muslim papers as the greatest enemy of Islam in India. It is a phenomenon I can only account for by the fact that the third power, even without deliberately wishing it, will not allow real unity to take place" The diagnosis is familiar and, to some extent right. But there have been cases in which the very existence of a third party, a common opponent, has united the two contending parties. Why should this not happen in India? In any case, granting that Gandhiji's diagnosis is wholly right, what is the remedy? His own answer is: "I have come to the reluctant conclusion that the two will come together almost immediately after the British Power comes to a final end in India. If independence is the immediate goal of the Congress and the League, then without needing to come to any terms all will fight together to be free from bondage.. When bondage is done with, not merely the two organisations, but all parties will find it to their interest to come together and make the fullest use of liberty in order to evolve a National Government suited to the genius of India."

Unity Essential

This seems to suggest that the leaders should first seek independence and that unity will follow independence as a matter of course. We fear that this ignores one of the outstanding realities of the present situation, namely, the fear among a growing section of Muslims that once freedom is attained, their lot would be permanent subjection to a Hindu majority. This fear may be justified or not, but is it wise to ignore it? Apart from this, Gandhiji's conclusion is like suggesting that the best thing for the mice is that the cat should be belled. But the problem remains how the cat can be belled or, in our own case, how we can achieve independence against a powerful opponent without unity in our own camp. Gandhiji himself has often declared in the past that there can be no Swaraj without communal unity. On the other hand, unity is bound to make our struggle for Swaraj much easier, if only because of our overwhelming strength of numbers. We, therefore, agree with leaders like Mr. C. Rajagopalachari that there is nothing "more real and urgent than a settlement immediately to be achieved between the Congress and the League."

Approach To Problem

The Congress has rejected the Pakistan idea but a negative attitude is not enough and, certainly, not helpful at the present juncture when a unique opportunity such as can arise only after centuries has presented itself before us of wresting power from the unwilling hands of Britain by the irresistible pressure of a united Hindu-Muslim effort. Rajaji has challenged the Congress to produce an alternative to his own solution. An alternative basis for a settlement has to be found. Rajaji himself suggests that Pandit Jawaharlal and Mr. Jinnah should "bestir themselves and achieve the one thing which is now needed and which will save the country." Another approach to the problem has been suggested by the Congress President, namely, a conference of five representatives of the Congress to meet five representatives of the League. It is a pity the Working Committee did not meet during the last several weeks to consider this plan. We hope the forthcoming meeting will choose five representatives of the Congress and invite the League to elect its own representatives for a joint conference.

New Cotton Contract

After about twenty years since the establishment of the East India Cotton Association, a new hedge contract is to be introduced in the Bombay Cotton Market for next year's cotton crop. The new hedge contract is named "Indian Cotton Contract". Its basis will be fine Jarrilla three-fourths of an inch staple and it will be tenderable upto two classes "on" and one class "off" for grade and upto seven-eighths of an inch staple, values "on" and "off" for grade and "on" for staple. Rules and Bye-Laws for the working of the new hedge contracts are being drafted. During the last world war, when cotton prices were pushed up to dizzy heights, the Government intervened and, after taking over the control of trade for about three years, the East India Cotton Association was established. Many useful changes were introduced and a clearing house system was established to check unhealthy speculation. The Government appointed a committee under Mr. (now Sir) Gilbert Wiles and some of its recommendations were adopted. The present war, however, has proved that the whole system needs important and radical changes. During the last twenty-five years the Indian cotton textile industry has made remarkable progress and is now in a position not only to supply the needs of the country in respect of coarse and fine cloth but also to enter into export business on competitive basis. During all these years we have had to depend upon foreign long staple cotton though attempts were being made to improve the quality of Indian cotton. However, we have still too much production of short staple cotton. India is thus producing cotton which is not needed for self-sufficiency. Trading methods need revolutionary changes as the Bombay cotton market is oftener than not used by professional operators as a medium for reckless speculation which threatens the price structure.

It is a well-known fact that in this country there are millions of small cotton growers and they are denied the facility of the hedge market, as the lowest unit for the contract is 50 bales. Thus nearly 95 per cent of Indian cotton growers have to depend upon middlemen to buy their cotton who buy only when there is reasonable margin of profit and the cotton-grower is unable to realise full value for his cotton. Thus it is imperative that the unit should be reduced to at least 20 bales. The Mahajan Association has a unit of 10 bales but this has failed to attract 'bona fide' hedge business from small cotton-growers. The existence of the Mahajan Association has so far not served a useful purpose and both the associations must be amalgamated. The other important change needed is the establishment of close relation between quotations of spot and forward cotton. This can be done by the creation of bonded warehouses which will save unnecessary charges of taking and giving delivery on the occasion of every settlement. The classification of cotton made at its survey while lying in bonded warehouses must be taken as valid for the season. This will lead to investment demand when prices are unduly depressed by the activities of professional operators. We have too much speculation in the cotton market and too little investment business. Steps must be taken to restrict speculative activity and encourage investment demand. The introduction of the new hedge contract is a constructive step towards encouraging growth of long staple cotton in this country. The only thing needed is to secure a fair price for Indian cotton which can be done to some extent by the imposition of a duty on imports of foreign cotton. The market must be thrown open for business in all deliveries so that undue strain on one delivery may be removed and all hedge selling be well distributed among different deliveries.

Crisis In China

Released by the success of operations in the Philippines, Dutch East Indies, Malaya and Burma, a great proportion of Japan's victorious troops is being naturally flung into battles in China. It is a multiple prong drive against unfortunate China which has little with which to oppose hundreds of thousands of attacking hordes armed with an overwhelming amplitude of land and air weapons. Several important key towns in the south-eastern provinces have fallen during the last few weeks, with the result that a situation is developing which is a threat not merely to the strategical and economic position of a limited area of Chinese territory. There is also now probable the danger of a double drive into Yunnan from Burma and Indo-China.

How grave the position is becoming is shown in a Reuter's message from Chungking which says: "The hope of a free China which dominates all others now is that something will occur to divert the Japanese onslaught from this country." It is obvious that neither the U. S. A. nor Britain can create any diversion. The Chinese know this. They realise that the tide cannot be turned. But they do feel and rightly so that the desperate nature of the situation can be relieved by the Allies even though China is cut off from land and sea routes. China wants no more at the present than the help which can enable her to continue her defensive resistance to Japan. And this help can be rendered, given the will and earnestness of purpose, through air transport. President Roosevelt in his Lend-Lease report protests his keen determination to give immediate assistance to China. He can certainly give it. He can "fly" if not "float" it in valuable measure. He talks of the critical stage in the battle of distribution. If he realises that the situation in China is more critical than anywhere else and if he realises that the crisis affects the United Nations as much as China the first thing he ought to do in dealing with the battle is to give immediate and urgent priority to China in the matter of air transport.

Frankly Speaking

Amusing Alarm

A British Labour leader has just propounded the amusing thesis that Germany would attack Sweden because if her offensive against Russia failed she would need Sweden's shipping for an invasion of—Britain. It is possible to agree that the Nazis will attack Sweden. But they need Sweden's ships to relieve the strain on their land communications to supply the Eastern Front as also the defensive front in the west where rail transport has been gravely hampered by R. A. F. which has also destroyed hundreds of German vessels on the Dutch and Norwegian coasts. But the invasion of Britain, and particularly as an alternative to a defeated German offensive in Russia, has ceased even to be a theoretical problem. It is simply ridiculous.

The Relevant Problem

Germany cannot achieve air parity much less superiority against Britain. She has definitely lost it, unless all reports about the air situation are absolute lies. Equally decisive is the fact that Germany has a negligible navy for the essential purpose of supporting sea-borne invasion of a naval Power like Britain. And, thirdly, Britain has been converted into a vast fortress and virtually the entire population is armed and trained to fight with modern weapons. If the Nazis were foolish enough to invade Britain they would only be obligingly creating a second front for Britain without involving the latter in any trouble or risk. The relevant problem is that of an Anglo-American invasion of Hitler-held western Europe. It has been rightly promised for this year. But in the meantime it is rather disappointing to find a lull in the preparatory operations, namely, the air offensive.

Caught Again?

The Japanese thought they would execute some smart work in the Aleutian Archipelago while the Americans were looking elsewhere. It was also, of course, meant to divert attention from Midway where the Japanese Navy had received the biggest hiding of its life. The adventure, with a few insignificant islets in the extreme west, on its credit side, is now beginning to prove costly. According to latest authoritative reports from Washington, army and navy aircraft, working with the weather against them, have by now sunk a Japanese cruiser and damaged an aircraft carrier, three cruisers, one destroyer, one gun boat and a transport. And American air operations are still continuing. It seems as if the Japanese have been badly caught by their own smartness. If they rush more aid to their forces they will suffer, for even ordinary damage to vessels two thousand miles away from their bases is a serious affair. If they leave their Aleutian forces alone and without any help they will suffer again. In either case their naval and shipping losses off the Aleutians are going to be grievously heavy in view of what they have already lost elsewhere. Japan, is actually playing into American hands. We assume, of course, that American air strength in the area is adequate for the purpose of continuing operations with the present success.

Another Tata Donation

The Bombay University and the Province as a whole will be grateful to the Trustees of the Sir Dorab Tata Trust for their munificent donation of Rs. 2,00,000 to the University for the endowment of a Readership in the proposed Pharmaceutical and Fine Chemicals Section of the University's Department of Chemical Technology. The proposed Section is a very important one in view of the need, keenly felt during the war, to make India as self-sufficient as possible in the production of pharmaceutical products. There are vast possibilities in this field and success is certain if the example of the Trustees of Sir Dorab Tata Trust is widely emulated.

How To Achieve Hindu-Muslim Unity

By Dr. A. HAMEED KAZI, Member, Working Committee Jamit-ul-Ulemae Hind.

I

The failure of the Cripps Mission and the later pronouncements of Mr. Amery have conclusively proved to the world that Britain does not want to transfer real power, even in this critical hour of her destiny. To think of establishing national Governments at the Centre and in the provinces at the moment, in such circumstances is neither practicable nor desirable. Governments without power instead of helping the country will bring it in more troubles. With due regard to the intelligence and statesmanship of Mr. Rajagopalachari one cannot understand his line of argument on this point.

* * *

Rajaji has, however, rendered great service by emphasising the need of solving the communal problem, though no nationalist can support the scheme of Pakistan. It is only a cry in despair. It will bring disaster to India, by creating several petty States, which will always indulge in mutual warfare. But mere opposition to Pakistan, as the A.-I. C. C. has recently done at Allahabad without putting an alternative scheme, simply gives this scheme more impetus. The Muslims become more and more bitter and are charmed by the separatist slogans of the Muslim League. Mahatma Gandhi has rightly said that if Muslims want to get out of India, nobody can force them against their will to remain inside the country. Thus the effective way of opposition to the Pakistan scheme is not to deny the right of self-determination to the Muslims in their majority provinces, but to put forward an alternative scheme which will catch the imagination of Muslim masses. The right of self-determination of the provinces was conceded by the Working Committee of the Congress at Ramgarh, as has been recently pointed out by Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan. The states of the Soviet Union and the members of the British Commonwealth of nations as well enjoy the same right.

Instead of opposing or supporting the Pakistan scheme the time has now come for the leaders of our country to devote their energies to evolve one formula for Hindu-Muslim unity, upon which the very liberty of our motherland depends. The British politicians in and out of season have pointed to us and to the world this glaring defect in our body-politic. We know that to a great extent, they themselves are responsible for it, but it is no use denying the fact that we are not wise enough to compose our differences amongst ourselves. As they do not want us to unite so exactly we should try more to compose our differences and present united front. Unless Hindus and Muslims unite there is no hope for this country. The problem is so vital that the Congress itself has made it the first article of its constructive programme but now we must try to do something practical to achieve communal unity.

* * *

The chief cause of the discord between Hindus and Muslims at the moment is the fear of Muslims, that they will be reduced to a status of a minority at the Centre though they number as much as 10 crores with their distinct religion and culture, and have majorities in four or five provinces. This fear of the dominance of Hindus at the Centre led the Muslim League to adopt its Pakistan scheme of the division of India We nationalists cannot even dream of dividing the country but only opposition to Pakistan without any constructive effort on our part to solve the problem will lead us nowhere.

We must remove the fear from the hearts of the Muslims and assure them that their status in the Federal Government of the future will not be that of a minority but of a co-partner. This means that as far as Federal Government is concerned we must accept the principle that Hindus and Muslims will have equal status. Once this principle is accepted, other items will logically follow from it. They will be jointly responsible for the protection of all the other minorities of this country and will have to give them their share of representation and executive powers from their own shares. Unfortunately we have too much copied the British party system of government which is based on competition and counting of numbers of heads. What we want in India is a system of government which is based on the principle of joint family, where all equally co-operate and share the power. This organic democracy is more natural and suitable to our country. According to this principle the executive powers of the Central and Provincial Governments should be shared by all the parties which are prepared to co-operate with each other on the basis of a joint common programme for the betterment and welfare of poor Indian masses. Such National Governments should be established at the Centre as well as in the provinces if Britain is even at this late hour prepared to transfer real power to us including the defence. They should be composed of the Congress, Muslim League and such other parties as are prepared to co-operate with them on the basis of a common programme previously agreed upon between the parties.

The other fear of the minorities is that their religious and cultural life may not be strangled in the future. The remedy to allay this fear is to provide articles in the Constitution which will not only protect their cultural life but as well give them full scope to evolve themselves on their own cultural lines provided they do not affect the interests of any other community. Once this cultural autonomy is given complete harmonious relations will be established between the various communities and true Nationalism will begin to flourish. But so long as the Muslims are not sure of their future cultural life and do not get cultural autonomy where they are in minority, they will always be influenced by such schemes which promise them a state of their own, where they can evolve themselves on their own lines. It is no use opposing the Muslims. The only way out is that we should try to understand their point of view and meet it as far as possible. The Hindus as a majority community have to make sacrifice for this but they must be prepared to do that if they love their motherland and her unity and want to save her from the future perpetual warfare. The Muslims as well must give up their separatist tendencies once their position is perfectly safeguarded in the future constitution.

(To Be Continued.)

Four Lakhs Evacuated So Far From Burma

Amery On Facilities And Help To Refugees: R. A. F. Men Left Behind In Far East

LONDON, June 16.

It is estimated that 400,000 people, the majority Indians, had reached India from Burma by sea, air or overland up to the end of May.

The Secretary of State for India and Burma, Mr. Leopold Amery, gives these figures in a written reply to a Parliamentary question on the subject.

He adds: "Despite the enormous difficulties in evacuation after the sea routes were closed, this figure means that a large proportion of those wishing to leave Burma have been safely evacuated. Overland evacuation which has been used by about 125,000 people still continues.

It is believed that considerable numbers are still trying to make their way on the main route to India via the Chindwin Valley and also by the more difficult route further north. The authorities in India, are taking comprehensive steps to do the utmost of their power to assist those still 'en route but the problem has become increasingly difficult owing to deterioration in the state of the tracks and river floods following the breaking of the monsoon.

GRAVE DANGERS AND HARDSHIPS

The latter difficulties are most severe in the hills on the Assam Burma border. This further slows down the pace of the less physically fit and means that among those not yet arrived the proportion of elderly people, women and children is high. I fear those still 'en route' are faced with grave dangers and hardships.

FACILITIES GIVEN

The principal measures taken to help the evacuees are rescue parties are being sent into Burma and tribesmen and villagers promised awards for acting as guides picking up stragglers; food, medical and other supplies including clothing have been dropped by aircraft at suitable places 'en route' and dumped at reception points; numerous camps, capable of accommodating 1,000 to 5,000 each, have been established, all fully stocked with food and water and having doctors and medical supplies. On reaching a motorable road, the refugees are taken by cars to the nearest railhead. These facilities are free. At the railhead the destitutes are provided with free railway fare to the destination, while subsistence is paid in case of need."

R A F MEN LEFT BEHIND.

A large party of R.A.F. men was left behind when the Allies evacuated Java and thus far no news concerning them have been received either from the Japanese Government or International Red Cross. This was revealed in Parliament to-day by the Air Secretary, Sir Archibald Sinclair. He said that very considerable bodies of R.A.F. men escaped from Singapore and Java but it was not yet possible to say how many complete units escaped.

PRISONERS OF AXIS.

Mr. Sinclair replying to a question said that the total number of R.A.F. men known to be prisoners of war in all the Axis countries was 3,162.

Public Schools Open Their Doors

By D. F. Karaka

I have been saying now for a long time that a new attitude and a new generation has come to the fore in Britain. The latest evidence is the throwing open of the Public Schools of England to the sons of England, as different from the sons of the landed gentry. The significance of this news shortly to be announced by Mr. R. A. Butler, the President of the Board of Trade, in the House of Commons, is that England has broken with a bigoted tradition in its effort to create a brave new world. It is a gesture that will have far-reaching consequences and a gesture that will change not only the educational policy of Britain, but also the whole tone and complexion of that country after the war.

Once Lord Baldwin boasted that it was his ambition to have a Harrowian Government and he almost succeeded with the exception of one or two members who did not belong to "Mr. Baldwin's" old School in the life and government "TORY M.P." gives us an idea of the part played by the Public School in the life and Government of Britain. It reveals how the conservative party recruits its members and its leaders from those who wore a public school tie and how a Tammany was set up, whereby anyone out of the chosen circle could never get into the English Parliament on a Conservative Party ticket. The main and lucrative positions in the British Government circulated among the sons of the rich and a sort of vicious circle was set up, which it was difficult to break.

* * *

For a long time public schools like Eton, Harrow, Rugby and Winchester were open only to those who could afford to pay high fees. They were too independent to open their doors to others. But the war has hit them financially owing to heavy taxation and they have accepted Government assistance. This was then the proper time to bring these schools into the general education scheme of the country and make free places at them for children of the lower middle class and the working class. It was only right and fair that this should be so, because if the money of the people has gone to subsidize these schools, it would not be proper that the sons "of the people" should be excluded from these schools any longer.

* * *

Moreover, the whole structure of society in Britain since the war has radically altered. A new generation has come to the fore. A new sense of values has replaced the old. The reason of this is that this world war proved beyond all doubt that the Government of a country could never be the prerogative of a class. Some of the best known figures like Lord Baldwin, who were tried and tested and nurtured in the best schools of political thought and who emerged from it as leaders somehow failed to stand up to the impact of a world war that demanded something more of statesmanship than just impassioned speeches in the House of Commons. Baldwin failed, Neville Chamberlain and the whole gamut of Conservative leaders failed and only a back-bencher like Churchill could stand on the debris of British leadership to orate on the collapse of the civilised world. But in other spheres new men were coming to the fore, men who were not from public schools, men who were hitherto unknown to the world as individuals. All these factors have some bearing on Britain's attitude towards time-worn traditions, which are disappearing one by one, because tradition of that kind has no place in the modern world.

* * *

Already at Oxford I saw for myself that the men of to-morrow who were undergraduates with me were not to be found from among the sons of peers who were my fellow-undergraduates, but from among the middle and lower classes. Oxford was far ahead of England, when Lord Morris endowed a college for the working class man and when even at the other colleges young men were being given education free because they were worthy of it. That was why Oxford appeared even at that time to be more Left than the other Universities. It did unconventional things like passing a Pacifist resolution. It fed the hunger-marchers on their great march from the Black North to the House of Commons. It did social work of various kinds. All this was because there were sons of the poor and the middle class in Oxford, who knew what poverty was and what a hunger strike implied. I would go so far as to say that these young men influenced the Oxford of my day even more than did the sons of well-known Conservative leaders.

To-day we see the democratisation of the cradle of education—the English public school. From all accounts the public school system was degenerating. It had a reputation for turning out a type, which was unsuited to the new world. It had become for a long time an artificial institution. Now, with fresh blood in its veins, it may blossom out again to produce the flower of English manhood.

Conference To Discuss Evacuation Question

CALCUTTA, June 16.

The Revenue Minister of Bengal, Mr. P. N. Banerji, left for Delhi this afternoon to attend the conference convened by the Government of India for discussing the question of evacuation in all its aspects. The conference, which will be held on June 18, will be attended also by representatives of Madras, Assam and Orissa Governments.—A. P.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

"Italy's finances are on a sound basis. Her export trade is flourishing."

Rome Radio June 1941.

* * *

"Let Jawahar Meet Jinnah" suggests a headline.

Why not vice versa if only for a very novel change to break monotony?

* * *

The Stockholm correspondent of a British paper reports that Herr Hitler has conferred the title of "India's Fuehrer and Excellency.' on Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose.

Another challenge to Mr. M. A Jinnah and Pakistan?

* * *

"Chauvinism has obviously no place in the Allied programme."

—Anglo-India.

Doesn't "obviously" mean what appears on the surface?

* * *

Praising the morale and grim determination of the heroic people of China and Chungking, Sir Md Zafrullah Khan says, for instance, "there is an appearance of purpose and activity everywhere."

Does this distinguished statesman and now diplomat of the Gov.—we mean, of India, know why?

* * *

"The clearest minds" in Chungking, reports Reuter, "are aware that, apart from air transport, there is no possibility of an early supply connection with India."

Wrong, there is another and more effective medium of helping China. And, indeed, that help is already reaching her from all sides in overwhelming measure. Never, for instances, have so many speeches, messages and pledges been perpetrated than in the last four or five days.

* * *

Latest American reports claim to have sunk a Japanese cruiser and damaged six other warships off the Aleutians.

This is the third successive case of the invincible Japanese Navy being put on the spot of its own choosing.

The Americans must express gratitude for the obliging ways of their opponents.

* * *

U. S. AND FRENCH NORTH AFRICA

Trade Ties Resumed

—Headline

What about Laval-Abetz deal ties?

* * *

The Germans are reported to have enforced measures virtually eliminating the Berlin bourse.

It was unnecessary. The Fuehrer himself makes enough noise for an entire Stock Exchange.

* * *

A British Labour leader expects Herr Hitler to attack Sweden preparatory to an invasion of Britain in case of failure of his Russian offensive.

Evidently this leader was blitzed in 1940 and has not recovered since then.

* * *

Husband: "I must dismiss that chauffeur. This is the second time he has nearly had me killed."

Wife: "My dear—do give him just one more chance!"

Story Of Iron And Steel

The "Harnessed Giant" or the story of Iron and Steel is a well-written, well illustrated and beautifully got up booklet of 42 pages published by the Tata Iron and Steel Company.

Written in the style made familiar by Mr. Minoo Masani's "Our India" the booklet seeks to give the complete story of iron from the time it is picked from the ore-carpetted hills of Bihar to the time when it is put to the service of man in innumerable forms from pins and nails to planes and ships.

Although it is written in a language which a child can understand (provided it knows English) no adult need scorn to read this booklet because it has much which will interest him. And the whole book is profusely and appropriately illustrated with sketches and diagrams which make it more easily comprehensible and at the same time more interesting.

One has, however, to remark that the book tries to cover too wide a field in too short a space. Even so the producers have to be congratulated on giving such an interesting yet brief story of Iron and Steel.

BRITISH REPLY TO MAHATMA

(Continued From Page 1)

remain there for any imperialist reasons", observed Sir Stafford Cripps, Lord Privy Seal, referring to Mahatma Gandhi's repeated demand for the withdrawal of the British from India, in the course of his interview referred to by Pandit Nehru.

"Strategically", Sir Stafford added, "India is too vital for our own and our Allies' efforts against the Axis Powers to take any such step without jeopardising the future of China, Russia and the United States, to say nothing of India herself".

The Lord Privy Seal looked into the copy of the interview given by Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru in which the Congress leader had said: "For the first time this question (majority rule) was definitely emphasised by Sir Stafford Cripps in his letter dated April 10. We were thinking in terms really not even of legislatures but of Cabinet consisting of 15 persons. What the proportions in that Cabinet may be we never discussed. As far as I can gather, the Congress was not thinking on the lines of Congress majority. But his mind was continually functioning, balancing the different communal factors".

Sir Stafford read Pandit Nehru's interview most carefully and said: "Actually we never discussed any particular number—15 or any other figure—as Pandit Jawaharlal or Maulana Azad never told me what was in their minds.

"MISUNDERSTANDING"

"I can well imagine the Congress leaders' misunderstanding of certain proposals and suggestions as regards the National Government or Cabinet. I was exploring with them all sorts of ideas with a view to discovering a way out of our difficulties in forming a Government". Naturally we used political terms to convey our meaning. I certainly used terms, such as, 'National Government, Cabinet', etc but they were merely to illustrate my ideas on particular questions which I was discussing with my Congress friends. I hoped that I had made it plain throughout our conversations that for the period of hostilities the constitutional position would have to remain unchanged. What I sincerely asked the Congress to do was to accept the draft proposals as the basis for joining the Viceroy's Council and then discuss with the Viceroy ways and means by which the Council could function more as a Cabinet than as an Executive Council. I made it clear to Pandit Jawaharlal right from the first that I could not form the Cabinet or arrange how it worked—that was for the Viceroy as the Head of the Government of India. I was, of course, quite willing to help the parties concerned if my advice or guidance was sought and I offered to remain in India for that purpose until all were arranged.

ALTERNATIVE PROPOSALS.

"I went to India to discuss the draft proposals of the War Cabinet with the Indian leaders as I considered them to be the best proposals within our power to offer India. I advised the Cabinet before I left London that we should not attempt to bargain with the Indian leaders but should offer them all that we could in the first instance. That was what we did.

"However, I told the Congress leaders that if they could devise alternative proposals that were possible of fulfilment in agreement with other political parties, I would be prepared to submit them to the Cabinet and do everything possible to get them accepted. But I could not see any prospect of such alternative proposals coming forward or even of a joint meeting between the Congress and other parties to consider them."

Sir Stafford thereafter referred to the question of Pakistan. He seemed inclined to think that Pakistan would never materialise, since once the communities got down discussing a new constitution in a popularly-elected Assembly, economic and social advantages of the united India would generally be realised and the Congress would, he thought, be prepared to go a long way in the matter of Provincial Autonomy to meet the Moslems.

INDIAN DEFENCE MINISTER

The next question put to him was about the appointment of an Indian Defence Minster.

"Well, I will tell you", Lord Privy Seal replied, "that the difficulties there were many—political, personal and military. When I went out to India, the Japanese threat of invasion of that country was already imminent. I was fully expecting the Japs to make large scale landings in India any time during my stay. General Wavell, who is not alarmist by any means, was devoting all his energy towards perfecting the Indian defences against any sudden swoop by the Jap Army, while we in Delhi were discussing and dissecting the draft proposals. It was certainly not a suitable atmosphere in which to discuss the transfer of all Defence functions to a new Minister.

"However, I fully appreciated and understood the force of the Congress contention that they could not go to the country and enthuse the masses for hundred per cent war effort without the necessary political power and prestige. And that was why I readily agreed to the suggestion that those functions which the Commander-in-Chief as the Defence Member could divest himself of without impairing efficiency of the fighting services should be transferred to an Indian member who would hold the portfolio of Defence Co-ordination. When it was represented to me that in order to enable the appeal to be made to the psychology of the Indian masses the Defence portfolio should be transferred to an Indian Member, the proposal was revised so that the Defence portfolio should be put into the hands of an Indian Member while the Commander-in-Chief holding the new portfolio of War Member would retain functions which we considered to be essential for the successful prosecution of the war.

MAHATMA BLAMED

"The assurance that the Congress Working Committee had accepted the proposals came through the Press and other sources. Then further consultations took place in which, I understand, Mahatma Gandhi was consulted, and after some further delay the Congress finally turned down the proposals.

"I do not want to say a word against anybody. Mahatma Gandhi stands for his high ideals of non-violence; he dislikes the idea of India being involved in the war and especially the Congress being so involved. I understand and appreciate Pandit Jawaharlal's position. His opposition to Fascism and Nazism is too fundamental to be obscured by mere national considerations; I am convinced of that.

I cannot say that we can do anything more in this matter from this end at the moment. As I see it, there now seems to be a struggle in India between the principles of violence and non-violence and all of us here in England eagerly await the next development. This, however, I can say with deep sincerity—we all still desire a settlement as much as ever."

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R. A. F. Drops

FR. TRICOLOUR ON ARC DE TRIOMPHE

LONDON, June 16.

An Air Ministry Communique announced: "At Midday on Friday June 12 a Coastal Command 'Beaufighter' (Flight-Lt. A. K. Gatward and Sergeant G. F. Fern) flew low over Paris and dropped a French tri-colour flag over the Arc de Triomphe. The aircraft then attacked German Orts-Kommandatur, formerly the Ministry of Marine in Place de la Concorde with cannon fire, dropped a second tri-colour and returned safely to the base."—Reuter.

WHEN TAMILNAD CONGRESS CABINET MEETS.

MADRAS, June 16.

The Working Committee of the Tamilnad Congress Committee will meet in the last week of this month at Courtallam to consider the political situation in the province and dispose of certain other items of business.—A. P.

Jawaharlal Nehru In City

Will Have Round Of Engagements In 4 Days' Stay

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru arrived in Bombay from Wardha by the Calcutta Mail this morning and was given a warm reception at the Victoria Terminus by the P. V. B. organisation, the B. P. C. C. as also by a representative gathering.

Prominent among those present at the platform were Mr. Bhulabhai Desai, President of the B. P. C. C., Mr. Nagindas T. Master, Mr. Bhawanji Arjun Khimji, Mr. G. P. Hutheesing and Mrs. Hutheesing, Mr. Ashok Mehta and other officials of the P. V. B. The Presidents of the District Congress Committees were also present.

Panditji was given a guard of honour by the volunteers of the P. V. B.

Pandit Jawaharlal has a round of engagements to fulfil during his four days' stay in the city.

On Wednesday, Pandit Jawaharlal will inspect and address a general rally of the P. V. B. volunteers at Nare Park, Parel, at 6-30 p. m. After the rally, he will address a public meeting at the same place under the auspices of the B. P. C. C.

Visit To Civil Defence Exhibition And P. V. B. Demonstration

If, unfortunately, Bombay were bombed and houses were set on fire, the Volunteers of the People's Volunteer Brigade can set the hose and extinguish the fire. They can handle a stirrup pump effectively, or use sand in the correct manner and put out an incendiary bomb. Brave Volunteers can creep into burning houses and crawl out with disabled men slung over their necks in the approved fashion. They can deftly go upstairs by means of nothing more than a dangling rope and bring down trapped men with the help of a 'rope chair'. They can give first aid, put on the stretcher and bear away injured men to the hospital in well equipped ambulances.

A demonstration indicating the extent to which P. V. B. Volunteers have been trained in rendering all this service was given in the Congress House compound on Tuesday evening in the presence of Jawaharlal Nehru, Mr. Bhulabhai Desai, President and other office bearers of the B.P.C.C. and the P. V. B. were present. Dr. Alban D'Souza explained some of the processes to Panditji.

Earlier Pandit Nehru visited the Civil Defence Exhibition organised by the P. V. B. at the Jinnah Hall and saw models of bombs, slit trenches, safety rooms, first aid posts and other civil defence equipment.

'F' Ward Reception To Jawahar

On behalf of 'F' Ward District Congress Committee Shri. J. C. Maitra. (President at 9 a.m. when most of the noted Congress Jawaharlal at Dadar Station on June 16 at 9 a.m. when most of the noted Congress leaders were present for reception.

EDUCATION IN HINDUSTANI

Personnel Of New Provincial Board

The terms of office of the Provincial Board for Education in Hindustani appointed by the Government of Bombay, in June 1939 expired on 31st May last. The Government of Bombay have appointed a new Board consisting of the following persons:—

Sjt. Kakasaheb Kalelkar; Professor D. V. Potdar; Professor B. D. Varma; Mr. Syed Nurullah, Principal, S. T. College; Professor N. R. Phatak, B.A.; Mr. R. R. Divakar; Mr. Narhari D. Parikh; Mr. B. J. Akkad; Mr. N. K. Mirza Head Master, Anglo-Urdu High School, Poona; Mr. Syed Abdullah Brelvi; Mrs. Perin Captain; Mr. Siddhanath Pant; Professor, N. A. Nadvi, Ismail Yusuf College, Andheri; Mr. V. V. Atitkar, Registrar, Tilak Maharashtra Vidyapeeth, Poona, Member-Secretary and Mr. H. J. Varia, personal Assistant to the Educational Inspector, Central Division, Non-member Joint Secretary.

The Board will elect its own Chairman. The Chairman and members of the Board will hold office for a period of three years from the 1st instant.

BAN ON ORISSA EX-PREMIER

BERHAMPORE (Ganjam), June 15.

Notices under Section 144 Cr. P. C. have been served on Mr. Biswanath Das, ex-Premier of Orissa and three others, who were on Congress propaganda tour in Parlakimedi estate, prohibiting them from making any speeches in the estate.

Mr. Das and his followers have now returned to Berhampore.—A. P.

DE GAULLE'S THREAT TELLS ON BERLIN

BERLIN, June 16.

It is announced in authoritative quarters here to-day that soldiers of the de Gaulle forces taken prisoner by the Axis Powers in North Africa will be accommodated in prisoners camps and treated as prisoners of war.—Reuter.

NAZI VERSION OF U.S. BOMBERS IN TURKEY

LONDON:—The German radio gives an Ankara report that five American bombers which landed in Turkish territory belonged to a formation of 10 bombers, two of which were shot down by German fighters over the Black Sea. Nothing is known about the fate of the remaining three, adds the German radio.—Reuter.

BR. CAPTIVES IN MALAYA

Fate Still Wrapped In Mystery, Says Grigg

LONDON, June 16.

The fate of British troops captured in Malaya is still wrapped in mystery. The Secretary of State for war Sir James Grigg, announced in the Commons to-day that Government are still without any news regarding these troops.

Sir James Grigg, added: "We continue to press for lists of prisoners from the Japanese Government, but none has yet been received."—Reuter.

MINISTERS MUST BE HAULED UP

LONDON, June 16.

Lord Selborne's plan for a Federated Imperial Parliament at Cape Town was mentioned at question time in the House of Commons to-day.

The Deputy Prime Minister, Mr. Clement Attlee, assured the House that Lord Selbourne was speaking for himself alone.

The Former Minister of Health, Lt.-Col. Walter Elliott (Conservative) asked: "Are we to understand that such statements are made without previous consultation with any responsible Ministers?"

Mr. Attlee replied: "I think the statement was made in the course of rather a wide-ran debate without consultation with other members'

Mr. Elliott then asked "Will the War Cabinet convey to Ministers the inadvisability to make statements of this character which are subsequently disavowed and cast doubts on the validity of perhaps more important statements?

Mr. Attlee replied: "I think the statement was made in the course of a debate without consultation with other members. I agree the point will be fully noted."—Reuter.

Br. East African Troops In Madagascar

LONDON, June 16.

The War Office announces that East African troops have now joined our other forces serving in Madagascar.—Reuter.

C. R. DAS' ANNIVERSARY

Dacca Nawab On Task Of Building Up United India

CALCUTTA, June 16.

Representatives of different political parties and organisations united in paying their tributes to the memory of the great Bengal leader, the late Mr. C. R. Das on the occasion of the 17th anniversary of his death which was celebrated in Calcutta to-day.

In the morning wreaths were offered at the Mausoleum built on the site of his funeral pyre at Keoratala Burning Ghat in South Calcutta. A memorial meeting was also held there.

In the evening two public meetings were held. Speakers at these meetings recalled Mr. Das's selfless sacrifices, his burning patriotism, dauntless courage and his determined efforts to bring about Hindu-Muslim unity. They emphasised that Mr. Das dreamt a dream of a United India and sacrificed his all to achieve that object.

The Nawab Bahadur of Dacca said: "Let us try to fulfil his dream of making Bengal a united community and India a United Nation."—A.P.

WOMAN M.L.A. JAILED

AMRITSAR, June 16.

Bibi Raghbir Kaur, M.L.A. (Congress) was sentenced to-day to four months' rigorous imprisonment under the Defence of India Rules for defying the restraint order prohibiting her from delivering any speeches or participating in any meetings or processions. She was placed in "A" class.—A.P.

Satyavati Devi's Sentence Reduced

LAHORE, June 16.

Mr. Justice Dalip Singh of the Lahore High Court to-day disposed of the revision petition filed on behalf of Shrimati Satyavati Devi of the Delhi Congress Committee. She had been sentenced under the Defence of India Rules to undergo 18 months' imprisonment and to pay a fine of Rs. 200 for an anti-war speech made by her at the Congress Socialist Conference at Gujranwala.

His Lordship upheld the conviction of Shrimati Satyavati, but remitted the fine and reduced the sentence to one of six months, which expired to-day.—United Press

30 Arrests For Alleged Robbery

In the guise of milkmen, the city police arrested 30 persons who are suspected to be dacoits and are involved in cases of robbery in the city and the suburbs on Tuesday morning. The suspects were arrested from different parts of the city, viz., Jacob Circle, Sandhurst Road, Forbes Street, Carnac Road, Khetwadi, and Kurla and Ghatkoper. They were placed at Mazagaon Court and released on bail.

No New Battleships For U. S.

Navy Plan To Increase Aircraft Carriers

WASHINGTON, June 16.

Two members of the United States Naval Committee, Senators Elender and Brewster, said to-day that navy officials had decided to defer all plans for huge new battleships in order to concentrate upon expanding fighting power in the air.

They declared in separate interviews that top-ranking Admirals had informed them that no new battleships would be started and the plans for cruisers now under way were being changed so that these ships would be completed as aircraft-carriers.

Senator Brewster said that the new decision would mean the abandonment for the present of the Navy plans for constructing five huge battleships of 60,000 tons each. He added that it would not interfere with the completion and commissioning of the several battleships to be launched within the next few months.

PLAN TO DOUBLE U.S. FLEET

An unprecedented ship-building programme of 8,550 million dollars designed ultimately to double the size of the United States Fleet was approved to-day by the House of Representatives Naval Committee.

The measure demonstrates the Navy's increasing emphasis on aircraft-carriers and omits any provision for new battleships. It will provide for over 1,400 ships of all types, including over 400 combatant craft in the carrier, cruiser and destroyer category.

CONGRESS PRESIDENT ARRIVES IN CALCUTTA

CALCUTTA, June 16

The Congress President, Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, returned from Wardha this morning.—A. P

Out Of Present War New And Better World Will Arise

But Imperialism Must Go And Fascists Should Not Win, Says Bombay Mayor

Out of this war would arise a new and better world was the fervent hope entertained by Mr. Yusuf Meherally, the Mayor of Bombay, speaking at a reception arranged in his honour by the Progressive Group at Cricket Club of India on Tuesday evening.

He said if Imperialism survived the world would be no better than what it was before the war, and if Fascism came out victorious there would, indeed, be a complete black-out of all culture and progress. Those who looked to a better and juster order after the war, therefore, should work to that end even when the war was being fought in the name of freedom and democracy.

Mr. Meherally said the capitalist system was step by step collapsing before our very eyes. It was not only crumbling but in its wake it threatened to destroy civilisation. The world was in the midst of a gigantic struggle which had its repercussions on India. Nobody could foresee what might happen in the next few months. The situation was full of uncertainty.

LIGHT FROM SEVAGRAM

But for India the one constant light of hope and guidance was the light shining from Sevagram. He referred to the stand taken by Mr. Rajagopalachari and said that even on the Indian political horizon most unexpected changes were taking place. Rajaji had gone back on every achievement he had made.

CRIPPS' EPISODE

Adverting to the Stafford Cripps' proposals he stated that Sir Stafford was before his recent visit to India regarded as one of the most outstanding personalities amongst British politicians. A man of such a stature had now earned the condemnation of every political party in India. This fact together with Mr. Churchill's deliberate omission of India from the Atlantic Charter showed how things were shaping for India, said the speaker.

In conclusion Mr. Meherally congratulated the Progressive Group on the progressive ideas that it fostered and said that it was the ideal of all progressive people in the world to weave out a better pattern of life.

DR. DATTA PASSES AWAY

Was Delegate To Round Table Conference

LAHORE, June 16.

The death occurred this morning of Dr. K. Datta, principal of the Forman Christian College, Lahore, at the age of 64.

Dr. Datta was an Indian Christian delegate to the Round Table Conference in London.

The funeral will take place this evening.—A. P.

City Fathers Honour Late Dr. Rao's Memory

As a mark of respect to the memory of the Hon. Dr. E. Raghavendra Rao, Civil Defence Member to the Government of India, the Municipal Corporation adjourned on Tuesday. Mr. B.G. Parelkar moved the adjournment of the House which was seconded by Mr. Jamnadas M. Mehta and carried standing. The Mayor adjourned the House till Thursday 2-30 p.m.

THE PICK OF INDIA'S YOUNG MEN

This is a typical young Officer-Cadet of the Indian Air Force. If he succeeds in his training, he will win his "wings" and eventually be commissioned as an Acting Pilot Officer. His further promotion will depend entirely on his own initiative and ability.

The Indian Air Force is an exclusive Service open only to the pick of India's young men.

To become a pilot or observer in this progressive service, a man must not only be well educated and physically fit, he must also be alert, reliable and possess all the qualities of leadership.

Pilots and observers in the I. A. F. are commissioned officers, and so vital is their task that only the pick of India's young men are suitable.

A CAREER FOR THE MAN WHO STANDS OUT FROM THE REST

you need be

Between 18 & 28 years old. Educated at least to Matriculation Standard (Certificate essential).

Able to pass a strict medical examination.

Adventurous and fond of an active life.

A leader, able to command respect.

A question often asked is "Will the training help me after the war, if I do not stay in the Air Force?"

To find the answer, ask yourself, your parents, your College Principal, two questions.

"Is India a suitable country for a great development of Civil Aviation?"

"Is India fast developing her light and heavy MODERN INDUSTRIES?"

The answer is YES. . . . the training should certainly help you to take part in India's future development.

For further particulars of I. A. F. service, application forms, rates of pay, etc., apply to your nearest Recruiting Officer, Commissioner of Police, or District Magistrate.

If you have any difficulty, post the attached coupon.

to fly with the IAF

To A. G. 2 (c).
Recruiting Directorate,
Adjutant-General's Branch,
G. H. Q., NEW DELHI.

Please send me application form and information regarding flying ranks in the Indian Air Force. I am . . . . years old.

NAME.....

ADDRESS.....

.....

.....

60-3

ENAMEL INDUSTRY OF INDIA

Presiding over the first annual general meeting of the Indian Enamel Works held on the 9th instant in Bombay, Mr. Amritlal Ojha, chairman of the company observed:—"I find that the enamel industry had been practically neglected in this country not because the country does not want enamelware, but because of the unhealthy and cut-throat competition from foreign countries like Japan, it was not possible to develop the industry. With the cessation of this competition the enamel industry in India is looking up and if during the postwar period such competition is kept out with definite Government assistance, then I believe there is a great future for the enamelware industry in India."

"Despite many difficulties such as pertaining to the supply of raw materials, sheets, chemicals, this industry has made a considerable headway and is now in a position not only to meet the Indian demand but would even be able to export outside of India," said Mr. Ojha. "Now is the opportunity both for the industrialists to develop the industry on sound lines and for the Government to come forward with greater assistance so that the industry can stand competition in postwar period".

Mr. Ojha said that the Indian Enamel Works was one of those concerns which had been started to organize and develop this industry on proper lines as it had been done in other countries, that the requisite technique had been secured and the Company's Works were now producing articles which could be compared favourably with the best quality imported from foreign countries. "Government are anxious to develop small scale industries and "I venture to say that here is one industry which requires close attention, co-operation and best help that can be given by the Government and public alike" added Mr. Ojha.

"You will be sorry to note," he proceeded, "that the new spacious building specially built to house the factory at Sion with a view to increase production has been requisitioned by the Government. This is to be regretted when the Government are themselves in need of products of such factories. If industrial concerns are to be requisitioned by the Government in this manner for non-industrial purposes then I am afraid the industrial development of the country is bound to suffer a definete set-back."

Dividends at the rate of 5 per cent on preference shares (Rs. 100) and as. 4 on ordinary share (Rs. 10) were declared as payable to the shareholders on the list as on June 1st, 1942.

The following directors were re-elected:—

Messrs. Pranlal Devkaran Nanjee, Fazalbhoy J. Kahimtoolah, Jeshtaram Soonderji Kapadia, Mohamed Dawjee Dadabhoy, Vasantray Ojha and D. J. Poonawala.

Mr. Amritlal Ojha continues to be the ex-officio Director and Chairman of the Company.

Messrs. K. S. Aiyar & Co. and Messrs. Vatsraj & Co. were re-elected joint-auditors of the company.

INSPITE OF WAR

PRODUCTION HAS INCREASED THREEFOLD

ENAMEL WARES OF NUMEROUS VARIETIES AT YOUR SERVICE

COMMERCIAL SIGN BOARDS IN ATTRACTIVE COLOUR DESIGNS A SPECIALITY

—ALSO—

VOLUNTEERS' BADGES

INDIAN ENAMEL WORKS, LTD.

Managing Agents: AMRITLAL OJHA & SONS, LTD.

CONTRACTORS TO THE GOVT. DEPT. OF SUPPLIES

WORKS:— Kasturchand Mill Compound, DADAR. Phone:—60637

HEAD OFFICE:— Great Social Building Sir P. M. Rd., Fort, BOMBAY. Phone:—30964-65, 34067

THE LEADING ENAMEL WORKS IN WESTERN INDIA.

ENCOURAGE INDIAN INDUSTRIES

IN 1826...

The Choice of our Ancestors

HUNTLEY & PALMERS famous BISCUITS

will be the choice of the Future

SHIPMENTS WILL BE RESUMED WHEN WAR CONDITIONS PERMIT

NO SHORTAGE OF TEA

Govt. Of India Clarifies Press Report

NEW DELHI, June 16.

A report has recently appeared in the press that the United States of America, United Kingdom and the Union of South Africa are buying up almost the whole of the world's tea supply and that it will be apportioned among them according to the three peoples' present requirements says a press note.

This has resulted in considerable speculative buying and further advance in internal prices

The Government of India wish to make it clear that in any arrangement which may be ultimately adopted in regard to the block purchase of outmarket teas, an adequate quantity of tea will be reserved for the internal market and that there is no justification for speculative buying in anticipation of a shortage of tea on this account later in the year.

(A Reuter's cable dated May 26, 1942 from Johannesburg said:—

The Minister of Commerce, Mr. Stuttaford, announced that the United States, the United Kingdom and the Union of South Africa are buying up almost the whole of the world's tea supply. It will be apportioned among them according to the three peoples' present requirements.)

VIRTUAL ELIMINATION OF BOURSE

German Holders Of Stocks And Bonds Asked To Turn Holdings To Reichsbank

NEW YORK, June 16.

A measure which is interpreted in German financial circles as virtual expropriation and elimination of the bourse as a free clearing house is reported by the Berne correspondent of the "New York Times".

Under the terms of the measure all German holders of stocks and bonds have been ordered to turn over their holdings to the Reichsbank in exchange for Reich treasury bonds of current issue which will remain in the custody of the treasury and be treated as blocked securities.—Reuter.

Premium Rate Under Insurance Ordinance

NEW DELHI, June 15.

A Press Communique states: The Central Government have decided that the rate of premium payable under any policy of insurance issued under the War Risks (goods) Insurance, Ordinance, 1940, in respect of the quarter beginning on July 1, 1942 shall continue to be the same as at present, viz. three annas per month or part of a month for each complete sum of Rs. 100.—A. P.

Sales Restrictions In Govt. Grain Shops

The Director of Information, Bombay, writes:

Sales in Government grain shops in Bombay will in future be restricted as below:—

Commodity	Maximum quantity to be sold to any one person at a time
Sugar	7 lb.
Rice (all sorts)	12 payees.
Dals (all sorts)	4 payees.
Wheat Khandwa	2 payees.
Wheat Nasik	2 payees.
Tea (all sorts)	1 lb.

This is necessary in order to secure that sales are effected to 'bona fide' consumers only and to prevent retail shopkeepers obtaining their supplies from Government shops with a view to profiteering later on.

Indian Stock Exchange

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—I wish to draw the attention of your readers to the suggestion made by Mr. Jayantilal Khandwala at the fourth annual general meeting of the Indian Stock Exchange Limited, held on the 15th June. Mr. Jayantilal R. Khandwala entered a strong plea for taking the Exchange into voluntary liquidation. Strongly criticising the authorities for their dilatoriness and lack of attention to the interests of the shareholders, Mr. Khandwala declared that though the Directors' report spoke of continued progress, the real facts were exactly the opposite. The income derived from the fees of authorized clerks was no more than Rs. 2 for the entire year, while the number of members actively engaged in business was not more than 10 out of a total of 80. In spite of four years having elapsed since the date of opening the market, Government permission for doing forward business had not yet been obtained, and there was no prospect of such permission being granted in the future so far as one could see. This, Mr. Khandwala pointed out, was, indeed, a sorry picture, and they had still to take into consideration the cost incurred. The Association spent an annual sum of Rs. 8,400 by way of rent, Rs. 6,039 by way of salaries and about Rs. 6,000 for office expenses. Mr. Khandwala questioned the wisdom or the justification of this heavy expenditure. Perhaps, the Directors were rich enough to overlook the loss of Rs. 10,000 that each of them had invested, but not all the shareholders were in that happy position. If the Exchange could be wound up without any delay the shareholders would realise at least Rs. 9,500 each. Mr. Khandwala, therefore, asked the reason as to why they should wait and let losses accumulate. The duty of the Directors was plain and Mr. Khandwala concluded that if they had at heart the true interests of the shareholders, they would lose no time whatever in starting proceedings for taking the Indian Stock Exchange into voluntary liquidation.—Yours, etc.,

A MEMBER OF THE EXCHANGE.

GOVT. SECURITIES

Bombay, June 16.

2 3/4 per cent 1948-52 96/10
3 1/2 per cent G P Notes 91/8
3 per cent 1951-54 Loan 98/6
3 per cent 1949-52 Loan 99/2
3 per cent 1963-65 92
4 per cent 1960-70 Loan 106/10
4 per cent 1943 Bonds 101/13
3 per cent War Bonds 102
3 1/2 per cent 1947-50 Loan 102/6
4 1/2 per cent 1955 Loan 110/3

TAX FREE LOANS

5 per cent 1945-55 Loan 108/2
4 per cent 1953-63 Mysore 113
5 per cent 1955 Mysore 122

CORPORATION DEBENTURES

4 per cent B P T 1947 103
4 per cent M Deb 1947 106
6 per cent M Deb 1959 112
5 per cent M Deb 1954 123
5 per cent K P T 1956 122/8

Tone:—Steady.

MONEY MARKET

Bombay, June 16.

LONDON:—
Banks buying 90 Days/St. 1/6 9/32 Two Months.
Banks buying 90 Days/St 1/6 5/16 Three Months.
Banks Buying 90 Days/St. 1/6 5/16 Four Months.
B. C. Rates T T 1/5 15/16 D D 1/5 15/16
Banks selling T T 1/5 31/32 D D 1/5 31/32

LONDON/NEW YORK:—
Banks selling T T Rs 332 3/4 D D Rs. 332 3/4
Banks buying T T Rs. 329 1/2 D D Rs. 326 1/2
Cross Rates dol 4.02 1/2—3 1/2

LONDON/MONTREAL:—
Banks selling T T Rs. 302 1/2 D D 302 1/2
Banks buying T T Rs. 297 3/4 D D 294 3/4
Cross Rates dol dol 4.43/47

LONDON/BERNE:—
Banks selling T T Fcs 126 3/4 D D Fcs nil
Banks buying T T Fcs 131 1/2 D D Fcs nil
Cross Rates Fcs 17.30/40

LONDON/STOCKHOLM
Banks selling T T K 123 D D K 123
Banks buying T T K 128 D D K 128
Cross Rates K 16.85/95

MEXICO/LONDON:—
Banks selling T T Rs. 67.27 D D Rs. 66.27
Banks buying T T Rs. 63.04 D D Rs. 62.64
Cross Rates Pes 19.5 21.5

LISBON/LONDON:—
Banks selling T T Esc 7.35 nom D D Esc 7.35 nom.
Banks buying T T Esc 7.55 D D Esc 7.55
Cross Rates Esc 99.80 100.20

AUSTRALIA/LONDON:—
Banks selling T T 1/10 3/8 D D 1/10 3/8
Banks buying T T nil D D 1/11 3/8

NEW YORK/LONDON:—
Cross Rates 4.03 3/4
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Quiet.
Gold £8-8-0 Ready
New York Silver 35 1/8
London Silver 23 1/2 Ready 23 1/2 Forward
London Discounts 3 months 1 1/16 per cent
London Discounts 6 months 1 1/8 per cent
Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent
Bank of England Rate 2 per cent
Money:—Call not quoting.
1 and 2 months 1/4 per cent
3 to 8 months 1/2 per cent
Tone:—Very easy.

Sales Of Treasury Bills

Tenders for Rs. Six Crores of three months' Government of India Treasury Bills were opened on Tuesday, the 16th June, 1942. Total amount offered was Rs. 14,58,25,000. Tenders at Rs. 99-12-9 and above were accepted in full and those at Rs. 99-12-6 allotted approximately 58 per cent. Lower tenders were rejected. Total amount accepted was Rs. 6,00,00,000, the average rate of accepted tenders being Re. 0-13-8 per cent per annum.

Tenders for Rs. Eight Crores of three months' Government of India Treasury Bills will be received on Tuesday, the 23rd June, 1942, in Bombay up to 11 a.m. (S.T.) and up to the close of business on Monday, the 22nd June, 1942 at other centres. Successful tenderers should make payment on Friday, the 26th June, 1942. Other conditions are as usual.

During the week ended 12th June, 1942, Government of India Treasury Bills for Rs. 73,50,000 were sold in favour of the Issue Department of the Reserve Bank of India.

Groundnuts And Seeds

Bombay, June 16.

Groundnuts August—			
Opening	57	2	0
Highest	58	1	0
Lowest	57	2	0
Closing	57	10	0
Cottonseeds September—			
Opening	29	7	0
Highest	29	10	0
Lowest	29	5	0
Closing	29	5	0
Castorseeds September—			
Opening	52	0	0
Highest	52	8	0
Lowest	51	15	0
Closing	52	4	0
Linseed September—			
Closing	8	2	3

Calcutta Share Bazar

CALCUTTA, June 16.

The market continued firm and active and a large and extensive business was put through all round. Government securities continued firm and unchanged.

The following are to-day's final transactions upto 2 p.m.:—

Government securities:—3 per cent defence loan 1949-52 99/2; 3 per cent loan 1963/65 92/1/6; 3 1/2 per cent Government paper 91/8 small lot; 4 per cent loan 1960/70 106; 5 per cent loan 1945/55 108/1.

Banks:—Reserve 100/8;

Cottons:—Bengal Nagpur cotton 20/2; Benares 5/8; Cawnpore Textile 9/6; Dunbar 24/; Kesoram 9/9; Pref 121/8; New Victoria 6/4.

Coals:—Bengal 360 c div; Talcher 1/15.

Jutes:—Adamjee pref 129; Idarpara 16/12 ct. Anglo-India 322/8; Auckland 171; small lot; Baily 223; Barnagore 90; Chitavalsah 14; Delta 394; Empire pref 125; Fort Gloster 485; Ganges 275 c div small lot; Hastings pref 124; Hukumchand 13/6 Khardah pref 130; National 21/4 Nuddea 60/8; Northbrook pref 130 c div; Orient 168/8; Presidency 5/1; Rameshwara 9; Reliance pref 144 ct.; Waverly 3 ct.

Minings:—Burma Corporation 1/15; Indian copper 2/3; Rhodesia copper annas fourteen.

Electrics:—Benares elec 14/12; Jubbulpore 15/6; Rawalpindi 28/4; Eng. companies: Bhartia elec steel 13/10; Burn and Co. 350; Indian iron and steel 27/10; Jessop and Co. 17/2; Marshalls 1/15; National iron and steel 9/4; Steel Corporation ord 17/9; Steel products 4/8.

Miscellaneous:—Ruby General Insurance 7/8; Associated hotels 6/6; B I Corpn. ordy 5/7; Calcutta tramways ordy 13/14; Indian wood products 28/4; Ivan Jones 1/15; Macfarlane and Co. defd 1/14; Rohtas industries 24/6 ct.

Paper:—India paper pulp 144; Orient paper ordy 18/4; Shree Gopal 1 small lot; Star 15/14, (c div). Titagarh ordy 19/10 od lot; Midnapore Zemindary 7.

Sugar:—Balrampore 13/12; Carew and Co. ordy 14/2; Cawnpore 27/7; New Savan 15/2; Partabpore 12/8 small lot; Ramnugger cane and sugar ordy 11/2; Samastipore 12/14.

METAL EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS

Bombay, June 16.

Copper sheets lb. 21 Rs. 148 28 142 35 142 42 136 49-56 134

Brass sheets Flag Brand lb. 20-21 Rs. 127 24 121 28 120 35 112 42 111 49-56 111

Spelter 'P.H.' Rs. 90 Rosita Rs. 88 Country make Rs. 64 Piglead 'B.M.' Refined Rs. 54 per cwt.

SETTLEMENT RATES

Copper sheets Ashad Rs. 137

Market tone:—Steady.

Latest Commercial

COTTON

JULY

New York, June 16.

Previous closing 17.87
To-day's opening 17.94
Difference ..... +07
To-day's closing see Stop Press.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, June 16.

Following are the New York opening ranges:—
July (18.11/11) 17.94/94
October (18.42/42) 18.36/22
December (18.54/54) 18.38/37

LONDON COMMODITIES

London, June 16.

SEEDS

Castorseeds Bombay June/July (£22 1/2 sellers) £22 1/2 sellers

Linseed Calcutta June/July unquoted

Linseed La Plata June/July (£19 1/8 quoted) £19 1/8 sellers

Groundnuts Coromandal June/July (East Coast India shipment not quoted) West Coast India shipment (£23 sellers) £23 sellers

LONDON METALS

Electric Copper (£62) £62
Lead (£25) £25
Glasgow Iron No. 3 (131 sh.) 131 sh

EXCHANGE:

CROSS RATES

T. T NEW YORK ON LONDON

New York, June 16.

Previous closing 4.03 3/4
To-day's opening 4.03 3/4

T T LONDON ON NEW YORK

London, June 16.

Previous closing 4.02 1/2 sellers: 4.03 1/2 buyers.
To-day's opening 4.02 1/2 sellers: 4.03 1/2 buyers.
To-day's closing 4.02 1/2 sellers: 4.03 1/2 buyers.

LONDON BULLION

LONDON GOLD

London, June 16.

London Gold (£8-8-0) £8-8-0

LONDON SILVER

London, June 16.

Spot (23 1/2d) 23 1/2d
Forward (23 1/2d) 23 1/2d

CROSS RATES

London, June 16.

London on Bombay (1-6 1/32 sellers 1-6 31/32 buyers) 1-6 1/32 sellers: 1-6 31/32 buyers
New York on Bombay (30.36) 30.36

DISCOUNTS

3 months (1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent) 1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent.
4 months (1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent) 1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent.
6 months (1 1/16 to 1 1/8 per cent) 1 1/16 to 1 1/8 per cent.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, June 16.

New York Stock Exchange opening prices:
General Motors (dol 37 3/4) dol 37 3/4
Anaconda Copper Mining (unquoted) dol 24 1/2
United States Steel Common (dol 46 1/4) dol 46 3/4
United States Steel Preference (unquoted) unquoted.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, June 16.

The Stock Exchange was quiet to-day.

3½ PER CENT STERLING LOAN

London, June 16.

3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed to-day at £100 3/4

AUSTRALIAN LOAN

5 per cent 1958-68 £101

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent British Consols £32 7/16
3 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan £107 7/16
2 per cent Conversion Loan £100 1/16
4 per cent Funding Loan £115 1/8
3 1/2 per cent War Loan £106
3 per cent War Loan £101 13/16
4 per cent Victory Bonds £114 3/8

INDUSTRIALS

Standard Motors 18-0
Marks and Spencer Ordinary 36-9
Electric Music Industry 16-1 1/2
Princhin Johnson 24-3
Imperial Chemical 32-1 1/2
Woolsworth Ordinary 55-9
San Paulo 7 per cent Coffee Mate £30 1/4
Dundee 27-7 1/2
Unilever Ordinary 27-0
Ford Motors 25-3
Cables and Wireless New Ordinary £61 1/2
Ex Div.
British American Tobacco Ords £4
Carreas 'A' £5 1/2
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary £6 3/16
P and O Defd 27-7 1/2
Distillers 75-0
Bredfords Dyes 8-6
British Celanese 9-3
J and P Coates 36-10 1/2
Courtaulds Ordinary 34-3
Fine Cotton Spinners 8-10 1/2
Vickers Limited Ordinary 16-4 1/2
Inter Nickel dol 39 1/4
Indian Iron 42-6

TEA SHARES

Assam 14-6
Donaro Tea 25-3
Empire of India 15-7 1/2

JUTE

Barnagore £6

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo-Dutch Rubber 9-3
Gula Kelampong 8-1 1/2
Burma Corporation 15-9

MINING SHARES

Nandydrug 17-6
Burma Corporation 3-7 1/2
Rio Tintos £7 3/4
East Rand Properties £1 15/16
Rand Mines £6 3/8

MINE SHARES

Crown £8 1/2
Associated Portland Cement 49-4 1/2
Trinidad Leasehold 70-0
Sub-Nigel £6 3/16
Spring Mines Split Share £1 1/32
Union Corporation 137-5

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian 36-10 1/2
Anglo-India 47-6
Burma Oil £1 13/16
Mexican Eagle 10-3
Shell Transport £2 5/16
Royal Dutch £20

RAILWAY SHARES

Great Western Ordinary £46
London Midland Ordinary £19 1/2
London North Eastern Defd £2 1/8
London Southern Defd £16 1/4
London Transport 5 per cent £127
London Transport 'C' £41

BOMBAY METALS

Bombay, June 16.

Yellow Metal Sheet ..... Rs. 115 0 0
Copper Sheets 140 0 0
Tone:—Steady.

The Biscuit of Distinction

BRITANNIA BISCUITS

BRITANNIA BISCUIT CO., LTD. CALCUTTA, DELHI, BOMBAY

DO YOU SPEAK JAPANESE?

Many do.

They repeat wild rumours

Causing unrest and grave distress,

Stock market panics and reckless fears.

They come from Japan, these rumours.

Do not heed them.

Do not pass them on.

DON'T BELIEVE RUMOURS

BUILD INDIA'S WAR FRONT AGAINST THE JAPANESE

BUILD INDIA'S WAR FRONT

LIGHT IS MIGHT

India's war factories need all the power you can give them. Use lights sparingly. Switch off whenever you can. Less light at home means more light in factories.

use less Electricity

Switch off at home

MUTT AND JEFF—Jeff's Equipment Certainly Is Very Snappy — By BUD FISHER

I DON'T KNOW HOW HE DOES IT! YESTERDAY HE CAPTURED EIGHT JAPS SINGLEHANDED!
COME ON, YOU RATS! KEEP MOVING!
JEFF, AS YOUR BEST FRIEND, WOULD YOU MIND TELLING ME JUST HOW YOU DO IT?
CERTAINLY! IT'S ALL VERY SIMPLE, MUTT!
I OVERHEARD THE CAPTAIN SAY THERE'S ONLY ONE WAY -- WE GOTTA TRAP 'EM!
?
SO I TRAP 'EM, THE RATS!
CHEESE

ENROL NOW FOR ALL 1942-43 EXAMINATIONS

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(Incorporated in Baroda. Liability of Members being limited.)
UNDER THE PATRONAGE OF AND LARGELY SUPPORTED BY THE GOVERNMENT OF H. H. THE MAHARAJA GAEKWAR.

CAPITAL AS ON 31-12-1940

Capital Authorised	..... Rs.	2,40,00,000
Capital Issued and Subscribed	..... Rs.	1,20,00,000
Capital paid up on 31-12-1940	..... Rs.	60,00,000
Reserve Fund	..... Rs.	55,00,000

HEAD OFFICE: BARODA.

BRANCHES:

Ahmedabad	Dabhoi	Patlad
(Bhadra)	Dwarka	Patan
Ahmedabad	Harij	Port Okha
(Panchkuva)	Kadi	Sankheda
Amreli	Kalol	Sidhpur
Bhavnagar	Kapadwanj	Surat
Billimora	Karjan	Visnagar
Bombay	Mehsana	(N. G.)
Calcutta	Mithapur	Vyara
	Navsari	

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS—Interest allowed at 1/2 per cent per annum on daily balances from Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,00,000 and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement No interests which does not come to Rs. 5 per half-year will be allowed.
FIXED DEPOSITS.—Received for long or short periods. Terms on application
SAFE DEPOSIT VAULT at BARODA
Rates of rentals on application.
W. G. GROUNDWATER,
General Manager.

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HOWRAH
Branch : 40, HARRISON RD., CALCUTTA.

RENEWED LONG LIQUIDATION ON N. Y. COTTON EXCHANGE

TRADERS AWAIT FARM LEGISLATION DEVELOPMENTS

Bombay, June 16.

On Monday, the New York cotton market was very steady during the first hour on moderate trade buying influenced by the monthly cotton consumption report which stated that U. S. cotton consumption of lint cotton for May was 924,000 bales. But later on prices declined on renewed liquidation and traders were inclined to await farm legislation developments.

The present decline in a way is adjusting American cotton prices with world prices. The U. S. Government wants to check inflation which was having its way under large war orders. Thus the question of a record consumption is not having any effect. The Government planned to import war materials duty free but now cotton prices are declining. However if the war lasts long there will be scarcity of raw materials.

The New York cotton market opened steady. There was Mill price-fixing and New Orleans buying which disclosed scarcity of contracts but lack of follow through was disappointing and the market quietly reacted on commission house liquidation and scale down selling and profit-taking. Outside participation was negligible awaiting farm legislation developments.

At the opening July was quoted 3 points up at 18.11 and advanced to 18.23 which was the highest level reached during the first hour. Later on there was increased selling and July declined 36 points from the highest level and stood at 17.87 which was the lowest level. The market closed at a net decline of 21 to 17 points. Spot cotton prices were reduced 15 points at 19.41c per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET

The New Orleans cotton futures market was also quiet on increased selling and closed at a decline of 14 to 18 points. Spot cotton prices closed 23 points lower at 18.35c per lb.

LOCAL SITUATION

Messrs. Anandilal Podar and Co. state :— On Monday, cotton opened very steady and then absorbing all up-country liquidation, prices advanced on speculative buying by seeds operators. Linseed and groundnuts were again supported by speculators, especially the former, notwithstanding no fresh export business with U. K. and the reports that U. K. import drawbacks on Argentine seeds have been withdrawn and U. S. A. import duty has been remitted to absorb Argentine surplus under the American agreement. Shares were easier on discouraging war reports. Silver and gold were steady absorbing all realising but it was said if India can obtain steel hoops for cotton baling from America, Government can easily obtain American silver under Lend and Lease to relieve American surplus since U. S. A. has now guaranteed to absorb all Mexican surplus production and Indian Government needs maintaining monetary equilibrium.

PRIVATE CABLES—

New York July highest (10-42 a.m.)	18.23+15
New York July lowest (3 p.m.)	17.87—21

Messrs Chunilal Mehta and Co Ltd have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends :
New York : Early advance not sustained by long liquidation and local selling. Market closed quietly steady

NEW YORK COTTON

	New York, June 15
July	17.87—21
October	18.19—17
December	18.32—18
January	18.38—19
March	18.50—19
May	18.59—20
Middling Spot	19.41—19

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

	New York, June 15
July	17.85—16
October	18.37—14
December	18.53—16
January	18.57—17
March	18.69—17
May	18.79—18
Middling Spot	18.25—20

NEW YORK COTTON NOON CALL

	New York, June 15
July	18.18
October	18.47
December	18.61

LONDON PRODUCE

	London, June 15
Rozario Santa Fe June/July quoted	24/9
Barletta Russo June/July quoted	24/9
South Australian wheat June/July quoted	28

LONDON EXCHANGES

	London, June 15
T T London on :—	
New York sellers 4.02 1/2 buyers 4.03 1/2	
Madrid Official 40.5 Voluntary rate 46.55	
Montreal sellers 4.43 buyers 4.47	
Zurich sellers 17.3 buyers 17.4	
Stockholm sellers 16.85 buyers 16.95	

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

	London, June 15
Rupee paper 3 1/2 per cent	£62
Indian stock 3 1/2 per cent 1931 or later	£100 3/4
Consols 2 1/2 per cent	£62 9/16
Conversion loan 3 1/2 per cent 1961	£107 9/16
War loan 3 1/2 per cent	£106 1/8
Funding loan 4 per cent 1960/90	£115 3/16
Victory bonds 4 per cent	£114 1/2
Chartered Bank of I A and China	£7 1/4
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank (London reg.)	£59
National Bank of India	£29

DON'T Lose Time

TAKE TWO TABLETS OF Phensic WHEN YOU FEEL —NERVY— EXHAUSTED —IN PAIN—

Every second counts.
So take Phensic. It is QUICKEST and SAFEST. It cannot harm the heart, or upset the stomach, and the tonic effect is a regular pick-me-up to a tired man or woman.

Phensic
Pronounced 'FEN-SIK' BOOTS'S PURE DRUG BRAND

BOMBAY STOCK EXCHANGE

Scattered Selling And Restricted Turnover

Bombay, June 16.

The recent war developments have been mainly responsible for the sagging tendency of quotations on the local Stock Exchange. Trading again continues on a restricted scale and there is a large supply of cheap money but operators are becoming cautious. Of course there is no change in the industrial outlook and while we do not look for any runaway market believe lower levels will attract moderate investment support. But now-a-days, we have no large scale speculative activity and one will have to satisfy with moderate profits. Tata Steel Defds opened to-day at Rs. 1570 and declined to Rs. 1540. Ordinary shares opened at Rs. 304 and steadied at Rs. 303. Bombay Dyeing shares opened to-day at Rs. 1250 and after advancing to Rs. 1260 turned down to Rs. 1247.

Wall Street was early restrained by inconclusive war developments but late buying of air transports aided the market though many leaders failed to follow. Trends stiffened in various spots in the afternoon while gains ranging up to one dollar were well distributed. U. S. Steel shares advanced 3/8 at 46 3/8. Anaconda Copper shares gained 3/4 at 24 3/4 and General Motors closed 1/8 at 37 3/4 dollars.

Share Quotations

TEXTILE SHARES

Bombay, June 16

Apolio 5/4; Ahmedabad Advance 342/8; Bombay Dyeing 1252/8; Central India 372; Century 462; Colaba Land 180; E D United 2/15; Finlay 214; Gokak 266; Indian Bleaching 162; Indore Malwa 327/8; Kohinoor 497; Lakshmi 775; Morarji 575; Mysore 141/4; New Great 277; Phoenix 405; Podar 221/4; Sassoon Silk 92/4; Sholapur 6500; Simplex 217/8; Swadeshi 439; Swan 257; Tata Mill 34; Vishnu 1587/8; New City 245.

ELECTRICS

Andhra Valley 1620; Ahmedabad Electric 153/12; Ajmere Electric 13/10; Bombay Suburban (old) N 173/12; Bombay Tramways 132; Karachi Electric 187/8; Poona Electric 21s; Surat Electric 186/4; Tata Hydro 170; Tata Power 1500.

MISCELLANEOUS

Associated Cement 165; Alcock Ashdown 492/8; Belapur Sugar 237; Bombay Burma 236/4; Bombay Burma New 70/16; Bombay Steam 320; Shivrajpur 36/12; Tata Steel Def 1542/8; Tata Steel Ord 302; Prem Construction 118; Br B Petrol 1/4/6; Indian Radio Defd 330; Indian Radio Ord 350; Scindia Steam 20/11; Tata Chemical 17/3; Tata Oil 53; Western India Match 216/4; Burma Corporation 2/1; Indian Iron 27/6; Indian Copper 2/0/6; Steel Corpn of Bengal 17/6.

BANKS

Baroda 114; Central 46/8; Imperial F P 1555; Imperial P P 385; India 142; Reserve 103; Union 6/4.

RAILWAYS

Ahmedabad Prantej 907/8; Central Prov. 113; Gujarat 103/8; Hoshiarpur Doab 97; Mandra Bhon 105; Sara Sirajgunge 98/8; Sialkot Narowal 115.

INSURANCE

Empire 700; Jupiter 14/8; New India 49; Oriental Life 4060; Vulcan Insurance 10/2.

DEBENTURES

4 per cent Tata Chem 1952 120; 4 per cent Andhra 1952 104/8; 4 per cent Bombay Telephone 48/4; 4 per cent Tata Power 1951/55 104.

PREFERENCE

5 per cent Ahmd Advance 125; 7 per cent Andhra 1540; 7 per cent Bombay Tram 78; 6 per cent Bombay Steam 327/8; 5 per cent Central India 682/8; 6 per cent Tata Steel 1st 203/12; 7 1/2 per cent Tata Steel 2nd 133/8; 7 per cent Tata Hydro 150; 7 1/2 per cent Tata Power 1600; 5 1/4 per cent P Const 1st 122; 5 1/4 per cent P Const 2nd 117; 5 per cent Svadeshi 138; 5 per cent T Chem 118/12.

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

Bombay, June 16.

The undertone of the market remained easy to-day. Tata Deferreds ruled lower upto 1535 and Tata Ordinaries declined to 301. At the close there was a small recovery. Bombay Dyeings kept fairly steady around 1245. Indian Irons were better off at 27-4.

The following were the important quotations on the Exchange, to-day :—
Tata Deferreds (1550) 1550 1535 1545 1540
Tata Ordinaries (303) 304 301 303
Tata Ordinary 303; Tata Deferred 1540; Indian Iron 27/4; Steel Corpn of Bengal 17/4; Bombay Dyeing 1245; Central India 370; Century 460; Gokak 257/8; Kohinoor 496/4; Simplex 218; Andhra Valley 1615; Tata Hydro 167/8; Tata Power 1490; Associated Cement 165; Belapur 237-8; Bombay Burma (old) 225.

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, June 16.

Following a decline of 21 points in New York cotton futures, the local market opened to-day at Rs. 187 for Broach J/A delivery and after improving to Rs. 187/4 declined to Rs. 185/12 under scattered liquidation. At the decline there was slightly increased demand and prices improved to Rs. 187/12. The market has to face monthly Tejimandi settlement and then tenders. So far trading in new cotton crop has not commenced and members of the E. I. C. A are meeting on Friday to approve the required changes for the adoption of the new hedge contract. However the trade cannot be left unprotected and we believe the Government will sanction without any loss of time and give facility to the trade before 1st July. Already staple cotton is commanding firm basis which ranges from Rs. 80 to Rs. 100.

Later on prices advanced to Rs. 188/8 but again reacted to Rs. 187. There was absence of demand and prices weakened to Rs. 185. The market closed at 4-30 p.m. as under :

BROACH July/August	Rs. 185 12 0
OOMRA July	152 0 0
BENGAL July	159 0 0

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS

Bombay, June 15

	Old.	Ready
Bengal	.....	162/65
Berar	145-50	165/67
C. P. 1	155-57	183/85
C. P. 2	147-50	173/75
Khandesh	130-35	.....
Muglai	138-40	.....
Broach	140-45	188/91
Broach Low	130-35	.....

COTTON ROOM RATES

Bombay, June 16.

	Extra Sprine	Sun	Fine	FG	Good
M G Bengal U P		155	163	160	157
M G Punjab		156	163	160	157
M G Rajputana		172	169	166	163
M G Oomra No. 3	169	166	163	160	
M G C P No. 1	194	191	188	185	
M G C P No. 2	180	177	174	171	
M G Broach No. 4		194	191	188	185
M G Punjab-American		274	271	268	265
M G Surat		359	356	353	350
M G Rajpipla		354	351	348	345
M G Navsari		364	361	358	355

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES

Bombay, June 16

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY Since 1st Sept.

In full-pressed bales.

	2 days.	This year	Last year
Khandesh	.....	79,578	99,203
Central India	.....	30,055	140,269
Berar and Nagar	.....	53,110	114,442
Hyderabad/Gaorani	.....	17,899	46,904
Berar	.....	177,775	375,217
Central Provinces	.....	87,565	76,022
Total Oomras	.....	448,953	849,957
Dhelerao	250	32,611	93,810
N W Provinces	.....	1,495	1,895
Rajputana	.....	462	5,790
Sind-Punjab	.....	409,198	528,820
Broach	125	318,603	298,062
Coompta and Dharwar	.....	21,592	106,733
Westerns-Northerns	212	21,705	87,638
Coccananda	.....	.....	270
Tinnevelly & Cambodia	.....	14 937	3,652
Arrived by road to 11th June, 1942	.....	92 500	309,133

COTTON PARITY

Broach July/August below New York July 1.064 cent points at exchange 331

HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, June 15

Broach July/August highest 189 1/2 lowest 185 1/4 closing 188 3/4
Oomra July highest 165 1/2 lowest 161 1/2 closing 165 1/4
Bengal July highest 161 1/2 lowest 160 closing 160

PEPPER AND GINGER

Bombay, June 15

Pepper ready	191 0 0
Pepper Ashad 15	181 0 0
Ginger ready.	98 0 0

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, June 15

Generally dull awaiting more definite Libyan and Russian news with prices marked down on fairly wide scale. Losses were however nowhere heavy and selling was negligible. Giltedged lost sixteen. Home rails quarter, Oils were sometimes thirty-second and industrials few pence to sixteenth. Kaffirs were also easy on disappointing dividends. Brazilians and tractions bore quietly firm feature and among Iron Steels Richard Thomas were supported on dividend hopes. Egyptian bonds were rather weak. unified losing two points at ninety.

GOLD & SILVER

Bombay, June 16.

Yesterday London gold was unchanged at £8-8-0. Dollar sterling cross rate was 4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2 at London and 4.03 3/4 at New York.

London spot and forward silver quotations were unchanged at 23 1/2d. The market was quiet. Moderate demand was satisfied mainly by production balance officially. New York spot silver was also unchanged at 35 1/8 cents. London Bombay spot and forward silver parity was Rs. 52-10-35. In the local market there was small realising and prices ruled quiet. Quotations were as under :—

GOLD

Ready ..... Rs.	49 4 0
Jeth	49 1 0
Sovereigns	37 6 0

SILVER

Ready	82 12 0
Jeth	83 13 0

LONDON SILVER

London, June 15.

Spot	23 1/2
Forward	23 1/2

LONDON GOLD

London, June 15

London Gold, Fine per £8-8-0

WAKE UP YOUR LIVER BILE—

Without Calomel—And You'll Jump Out of Bed Full of Vim and Vigour.

Your liver should pour out two pints of liquid bile into your bowels daily. If this bile is not flowing freely, your food doesn't digest. It just decays in the bowels. Gas bloats up your stomach. You get constipated. Your whole system is poisoned and you feel sour, sunk and the world looks punk.

A mere bowel movement doesn't get at the cause. It takes those famous Carter's Little Liver Pills to get these two pints of bile flowing freely and make you feel "up and up". Harmless, gentle, yet amazing in making bile flow freely. Look for the name Carter's Little Liver Pills on the red package. Refuse anything else.

103

Why Not Look and Feel YEARS YOUNGER

YOU can look years younger than you really are. You can have a flawless complexion, youthful figure and be active and happy if you follow the golden rule of taking two Bile Beans regularly every night.

Bile Beans bring renewed health and vigour and counteract any tendency to put on weight. So, if you want to be youthful and energetic, remember to take Bile Beans at bedtime.

OVER ONE MILLION BILE BEANS ARE SOLD EVERY DAY

This is how Bile Beans act. Bile Beans are prepared from pure vegetable extracts and therefore can be taken regularly every night with perfect safety. They tone up the system, purify the blood and daily remove all food waste; thus improving your health and keeping you youthful and attractive

BILE BEANS

KEEP YOU HEALTHY AND YOUTHFUL

All Medicine Dealers Sell Bile Beans—Price ONE RUPEE a Bottle

THE CRITICS PUZZLED

CONSERVATISM AN ASSET TO 'ASPRO'—NOT A LIABILITY

REMARKABLE DEMONSTRATION OF THE TRIUMPH OF SIMPLICITY AND SERVICE !

Never probably in the history of merchandising has an event so confounded the Critics as 'ASPRO'. They figured that because 'ASPRO' conquered the Western Hemisphere it was not a reason why it should conquer the Eastern Hemisphere. "Besides," they said, "INDIA IS TOO CONSERVATIVE." Was ever such foolishness talked before?

IT IS THE CONSERVATISM OF INDIA THAT HAS MADE 'ASPRO' THE SUCCESS IT IS TO-DAY

A conservative person is one who is not humbugged by illusions. He lives and grows on facts—and facts only; and that's why the 'ASPRO' people KNEW that 'ASPRO' would succeed in India. Its claims were simple, it had a mission of Health and Healing for Indian Homes. It had FACTS to prove that it fulfilled its claims. Conservative India saw it and welcomed it. That's why 'ASPRO' has conquered the World, by simple service, that's why it lives and grows.

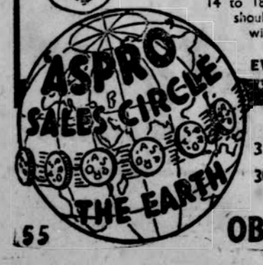
2 tablets of 'ASPRO' will

Stop HEADACHE in 5 minutes
Bring sweet sleep to the SLEEPLESS
Relieve LUMBAGO
Soothe away IRRITABILITY
Stop TOOTHACHE & NEURALGIA at once
Soothe away ACHES and PAINS
Reduce FEVER in a few minutes
Stop WOMEN'S PAINS
Remove DENGUE FEVER quickly
Get rid of EPIDEMIC COMPLAINTS
Soothe away NERVE SHOCK
Dispel SORE THROAT and TONSILLITIS in form of gargle.
Remove ALCOHOLIC AFTER-EFFECTS

2—3 tablets of 'ASPRO' will break up COLD and INFLUENZA
2—4 tablets will relieve RHEUMATISM, NEURITIS and GOUT in one night.
Full directions in the carton.

HOW TO GIVE 'ASPRO' TO THE KIDDIES : Two simple methods of giving 'ASPRO' to the kiddies are : (a) with a little milk : or (b) break the tablet up and administer in a teaspoonful of jam. The dosage is : Children 3 to 6 years, ½ tablet ; 6 to 14 years, one tablet ; 14 to 18 years, 1½ tablets. 'ASPRO', like every other medicine, should not be given to babies under three years of age without medical advice.

EVEN A CHILD CAN SAFELY TAKE 'ASPRO'



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●The soothing quality of Passing Show is a splendid tonic. Their pure Virginia Tobacco quickly refreshes tired nerves and benefits your general health. You'll get greater smoking pleasure, too, from Passing Show.

2½ ANNAS FOR 10

MAKE INDIA STRONG
BUY DEFENCE SAVINGS CERTIFICATES

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HERE IS THE BIGGEST SOAP VALUE Ever Offered

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Tripartite Conference For Industrial Peace

Representatives Of Provincial Govts., Employers And Workers To Advise Central Govt. On Labour Problems

CALCUTTA, June 16.

The Associated Press learns that in order to secure in war time greater collaboration between Employers, Labour and the State, the Government of India propose to hold a Plenary Conference of all these interests at Delhi about the third week of July.

The Conference it is proposed will set up a Standing Advisory Committee consisting of representatives of Labour, employers, provincial Governments, Indian States and the Government of India for the purpose of advising Government on various labour problems. The function of both the Conference and the proposed Committee will be purely advisory.

It will be recalled that the Labour Member of the Government of India in opening the Third Conference of Provincial Labour Ministers in January this year stated that he would consider whether the next annual conference should be a joint one of representatives of Governments, employers and workers.

FOR JOINT CONSULTATION.

The necessity for more frequent collaboration between Governments, employers and workers has, in the opinion of the Central Government, now become all the greater. Some provincial Governments have developed or are considering methods of joint consultation. The Government of India feel that there is an urgent need for some collaboration of organisation at the Central which could be called together fairly easily and whose advice would be available to the Government of India on subjects having India-wide importance.

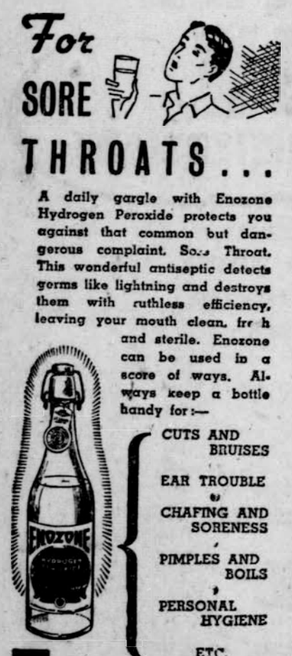
The Central Government think that such collaborative machinery might be developed along with the Tripartite Conference, as envisaged by the Labour Member.

According to the Central Government, it will be clearly impossible that the Conference which must necessarily be a large one, can be called together often enough to be able to serve by itself the object aimed at. They therefore point out that if the Conference were brought into being as a plenary one to meet once or twice a year, it would be suitable for the conference to nominate a Standing Advisory Committee on Labour matters with powers to coopt additional members.

DELEGATES TO PLENARY CONFERENCE

The Plenary Conference will, it is suggested, be composed of three representatives of the Central Government, one representative from each province with one adviser each, one representative from each of the larger states and of the Chamber of Princes, with one adviser each, four representatives each of the All India Trade Union Congress and the Indian Federation of Labour with one adviser for each of the delegations, one representative from any other trade union representing, in the opinion of the Central Government, more than 50,000 workers, and not affiliated to either the Trade Union Congress or the Federation, and four representatives each of the two main employers' associations, with one adviser for each of the delegations. The Labour Member of the Government of India will be the Chairman of the Conference.

The Standing Advisory Committee will be composed of the Labour Member (ex-Officio Chairman), two representatives of provinces, two representatives of states, four representatives of employers, and four representatives of employees.—A. P.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Increased Pay Of R. I. Navy Ratings

NEW DELHI, June 15.

A Press note says, increases are announced in the pay of ratings of the Royal Indian Navy. These have effect from May 1 and complete the removal of any disparity that may have appeared to exist between the earnings of R.I.N. ratings and those of men with duties demanding comparable skill and initiative in the Indian Army and in civil life. All branches benefit and the attractiveness of the new rates can be illustrated by a few examples.—A. P.

New Dewan For Junagadh

(From Our Correspondent.)
JUNAGADH, (By Mail).

There is every possibility of important changes in the present ministry of Junagadh State. According to the information of your correspondent, the Nawab Saheb has already made choice of his next Dewan and asked the Resident to allow him to make the changes. Even the present Superintendent of Police is to be asked to revert to Agency Service.

AFGHANISTAN ANNOUNCES NEUTRALITY

BOMBAY, June 16.

His Majesty the King of Afghanistan, while opening the new session of the Afghan Parliament on June 15, in the course of his address to the House proclaimed to the world the policy of strict neutrality of Afghanistan.

His Majesty's speech was broadcast from Kabul at 30.08 meters and was clearly heard in Bombay.—A. P.

18 Europeans Die Of Heat Stroke

LUCKNOW, June 16.

Death stalked the European and Anglo-Indian population in Lucknow; and as many as eighteen Europeans died of heat, apoplexy, sunstroke or pyrexia within the last five days.

Of the victims seven were women and one child aged six.

Dr. P. J. Kolapore, an eye specialist, died of heat stroke last night.—United Press.

Ahmedabbad Labour Wage Dispute

(From Our Correspondent)
AHMEDABAD, June 16.

The Majur Mahajan has given notice to the conciliator for taking charge of the dispute regarding reduced standard of wages of Ahmedabad labour. If the conciliator fails to bring about a settlement the Mahajan will give notice for a general strike. A private settlement between Labour and Millowners is impossible.

The Municipal Congress party decided in a meeting to support the nomination of Mr. Ayangar as the new Chief Officer by majority after hot discussion and strong opposition.

Nine huts of Shepherds in Gujrat Society were burnt out in a fire that broke out last night.

Six Congress Members Expelled

PATNA, June 14.

Six Congress members of the Barh Municipal Board have been expelled from the Congress for two years by the Patna District Congress Committee.

These members, it was alleged, had failed to comply with the order of the Provincial Congress Executive to resign from the Local and Municipal Board within a given time limit.—A. P.

Prafulla Ghose's Call To Congress Workers

BARISAL (Bengal), (By Mail).

Dr. Prafulla Ghose, member of the Congress Working Committee, met the Congress workers of the district at the residence of Mr. Matilal Sen when he explained the cause of the failure of the Cripps' Mission, the A.I.C.C. resolution and dealing with other problems. He asked the workers to get themselves ready for extreme sacrifices and sufferings.—United Press.

C. R. BACK IN MADRAS

MADRAS June 16.

Mr C. Rajagopalachari returned to Madras this morning from Madura.—A. P.

NOTICE SERVED ON "FULCHHAB" EDITOR

RAJKOT, June 15.

The Registrar of the Court of the Judicial Commissioner, Western India States' Agency, has served Mr. Jhaverchand Meghani, Editor "Fulchhab" of Ranpur, with a notice asking him to show cause why he should not be dealt with for contempt of Court for publication of an article under caption "light on Ranubha's case".

It is alleged that the article discussed the judgment of case in which the accused was sentenced to death for murder of one Girashia.

July 2 next has been fixed for hearing the issues.—United Press.

PLEA FOR SELF-SUFFICIENCY IN PESHAWAR

KHAN ABDUL GAFFAR KHAN REGRETS GOVERNMENT INTERFERENCE

PESHAWAR, June 16.

Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan in the course of a statement to the press says:—"For the last two years we have been carrying on purely peaceful and humanitarian and constructive work among the Frontier villages. We have gone from village to village, and asked the people to maintain peace under all circumstances even at the cost of their lives. The maintenance of internal security and making the villages self-sufficient as far as food and cloth are concerned have been the key-note of all our activities. "It is a pity that the Government are creating difficulties in our way. We have done our utmost to avoid clash but under no circumstances can we give up our peaceful and humanitarian work."—United Press.

FORWARD BLOC-CONGRESS COLLABORATION

Will Partake In Mahatma's New Move

(From Our Correspondent.)
NAGPUR, June 16.

Gandhiji is getting co-operation and help from unexpected quarters for his new movement. Mr Nebarendu Dutt Mujumdar, M. L. A., General Secretary of the Labour Party of India and Provincial Organizing Secretary of the Bengal Provincial Coalition Party had a long talk with Gandhiji about the merging of the Forward Bloc into the Congress. According to the well-informed circles in future the Forward Bloc will act as a Left Wing to the Congress organization on the same basis as that of the Congress Socialist Party.

In the course of a talk with the pressmen Mr. Dutt said, "The recent statements of Mahatma Gandhi asking the British Government to withdraw from India and leave the Indian people free to defend their own country against any foreign aggression, have struck new note of hope and confidence among his countrymen. He has truly echoed the sentiments of the heart of every freedom loving Indian."

FORGET THE PAST.

In view of the critical situation, Mr. Dutt sought the help of Gandhiji for patching up the difference of the Bengal Congressmen. It is reported, he expressed the desire that the past incidents may be forgotten and only one official Congress organization should function in the whole of Bengal. Mahatma Gandhi directed Mr. Dutt to the Congress President. Mr. Dutt had also a long talk with Moulana Azad. Negotiations in this connection will commence when the Congress President reaches Calcutta.

Rajkot Humming With Political Activities

(From Our Correspondent.)
RAJKOT, June 16.

The presence of Durbar Gopaldas, President of the Kathiawar Political Conference and Sjt. Morarji Desai, Secretary G. P. C. C. who were here to attend the meeting of the Working Committee of the K. P. Conference, served as an occasion for the local Workers and public to understand the present stand of the Congress 'vis a vis' the political situation in India. Sjt. Morarji Desai in his address to the local workers, explained the background of the reasons which are responsible for prompting Gandhiji to think of taking a serious step. In his speech at a public meeting Sjt. Desai appealed to the people to get ready for offering maximum sacrifice when the call was made by their leader, Mahatma Gandhi. He exhorted the people to sink differences and stand upited to surmount whatever was in store for them in attaining the goal of Swaraj.

The same night another meeting was addressed by Swami Sahajanand and Sjt. Indulal Yagnik, advocating co-operation in War efforts.

"India—No Slave Factory Of Japs", Says 'C. R.'

MADURA, June 15.

Mr. C. Rajagopalachari replying to the welcome address from Madura District Board said:—"We must give up the notion that Japan is a mere nightmare. It is a most real and serious danger. Our long subjection and enforced irresponsibility make it difficult for us to realise that danger really threatens us and our daily lives, not those that have usurped authority over us. Again, we must give up the notion that it is impossible for us to resist Japanese aggression. If we do not blind ourselves through anger and if we make up our minds to resist, we can prevent our land from becoming the property and slave factory of Japan. To carry out plans in an enemy country is not as easy for Japan as people picture to themselves in despair. It is only if we allow this country to become more or less friendly and people living in it are submissive and accommodating, then only Japan can reduce the land to her possession. Japan's strength and military readiness will come to nothing if India resolves to present real and universal opposition to Japanese occupation. Let us realise the advantages of our position and our potential strength and not give way to defeatism".—A. P.

Sarsa Welcomes Released Detenu

(From A. Correspondent.)
SARASA, (By Mail).

A meeting was held last Friday under the presidentship of Dadubhai Desai, the veteran Congress leader of Kaira District, at Sarsa to congratulate Mr. Rajni Patel on his release from detention in Nasik, Deoli and Yeravda Jails.

Mr. Rajni Patel explained at length the various measures that should be taken to defend the country against the Japanese aggression. He instanced the types of defences put up by the Soviet and the Chinese people against the aggressors. He deplored the absence of unity between the Hindus and the Moslems and called upon the people to strive for a National Government in the country. He urged on the youths to rally for the defence of the country. He condemned the policy of the Government in not releasing anti-Fascist political prisoners at this hour of crisis. He moved a resolution demanding the release of the political prisoners which was passed unanimously.

Mr Jashwant Thaker also spoke.

Sjt. Dadubhai called for the unity of the people in this grave hour of crisis when our national culture and spiritual heritage were at stake.

Mr. Rajni Patel addressed a meeting of Bohra Youth League on Saturday last.

Karnatak Shanti Dal Camp

DHARWAR, (By Mail).

From Karnatak Provincial Congress Committee:—

Under the auspices of the Karnatak Provincial Congress Committee a Shanti Dal Camp will be opened in Munoli, Belgaum District on the 15th June. The Camp will run for one month and will be attended by representatives from all the districts in the Province. Training will be given in First Aid, A. R. P., and constructive work (spinning and carding also). Besides this, lectures will be arranged on Political, social, economical problems in Indian States and industrial subjects. Some 40 Congress leaders have been invited to take lessons.

Socialist Convicted Under Defence Rules

SITAMARHI, June 13.

Mr. Ram Briksh Benipuri, a Socialist, was sentenced to one year's rigorous imprisonment and to pay a fine of Rs. 50/- or in default to undergo three months' further imprisonment under the Defence of India Rules for delivering an alleged objectionable speech at the Kisan rally at Piprahi. He has been placed in "A" division.

He has been later sent to Madhubani to take trial in another case under the Defence of India Rules.—United Press.

Representation For Release Of Ailing Prisoner

DACCA.

It is learnt that a representation has been submitted for the release of Mr. Ananda Prasad Gupta, a Chittagong Armoury Raid prisoner, for reasons of health. He has been suffering from asthma.—United Press.

A BOOK YOU MUST READ

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I'VE A PLAN TO TRAP CHAN AND PUNISH GOODMAN FOR REFUSING TO PAY UP—
TAKE CARE OF CHAN? YOU-MEAN MURDER?
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